

**Words in green:** basic vocabulary

<b>Unit 1 Summer stories</b>				
	<b>free time activity</b>	What are your favourite free time activities?	Freizeitaktivität (die)	U1/1
	<b>waterskiing</b>	I'm going waterskiing next week.	Wasserskifahren (das)	U1/1
	<b>to have a picnic</b>	My friends are having a picnic in the park.	picknicken	U1/1
	<b>to walk the dog</b>	Could you walk the dog, please?	den Hund spazieren führen, Gassi gehen	U1/1
<b>Welcome back!</b>				
	<b>sandcastle</b>	Did you build a sandcastle on the beach?	Sandburg (die)	U1/2
	<b>climbing</b>	I am going climbing in the mountains next week.	Klettern (das)	U1/2
	<b>to fall off sth.</b>	She fell off a horse.	von etw. (hinunter-)fallen	U1/2
	<b>(beach) volleyball</b>	Most of the time we played beach volleyball.	Beachvolleyball (das)	U1/2
	<b>to visit</b>	She visited her grandparents.	besuchen	U1/9
	<b>river</b>	Swimming in a river can be dangerous.	Fluss (der)	U1/2
	<b>for a minute/an hour/ a week</b>	I went swimming for an hour.	eine Minute/Stunde/Woche lang	U1/3
	<b>for half a day</b>	We went canoeing for half a day.	eine halben Tag lang	U1/3
<b>My summer story</b>				
	<b>to dream</b>	He dreamed of lying on the beach.	träumen	U1/4
	<b>Congratulations!</b>	Congratulations, you've won!	Gratulation!	U1/4
	<b>spaceship</b>	You will travel to the moon in a spaceship.	Raumschiff (das)	U1/4
	<b>to continue</b>	He stopped reading, looked at me, and then continued.	weitermachen, hier: weiterlesen	U1/4
	<b>joke</b>	My friends love making funny jokes.	Witz (der)	U1/4
	<b>too ...</b>	We can't buy this, it's far too expensive.	zu ...	U1/4
	<b>to run around</b>	Everyone jumped up and ran around.	herumlaufen	U1/4
	<b>to have plans</b>	Do you have plans for the summer holidays?	Pläne haben	U1/4
	<b>to spend time - spent time</b>	I want to spend some time at the sea.	Zeit verbringen	U1/4

	<b>prize</b>	The prize of the competition was a trip.	Preis (der), Gewinn (der)	U1/5
	<b>end</b>	What happens at the end of the story?	Ende (das)	U1/5
<b>Holidays in Scotland</b>				
	<b>map</b>	Have you got a map of Scotland?	Landkarte (die), Stadtplan (der)	U1/6
	<b>golf</b>	Do you want to play golf tomorrow?	Golf (das)	U1/6
	<b>flag</b>	The flag of Scotland is blue and white.	Flagge (die)	U1/6
<b>8</b>	<b>diary</b>	I wrote a holiday diary to remember what happened.	Tagebuch (das)	U1/8
	<b>boat</b>	We went to the island by boat.	Boot (das), Schiff (das)	U1/8
	<b>to sunbathe</b>	The seals were sunbathing.	sich sonnen	U1/8
	<b>to jump down</b>	We also jumped down again.	hinunterspringen	U1/8
	<b>to be fun</b>	That was fun.	lustig sein, Spaß machen	U1/8
<b>Show what you can do</b>				
	<b>better</b>	I want to get better at coding.	besser	U1/9
<b>Unit 2 School life</b>				
<b>1</b>	<b>(school) subject</b>	What's your favourite subject?	(Schul-)Fach (das)	U2/1
	<b>PE (physical education)</b>	We often play football in PE.	Sport(-unterricht) (der)	U2/1
	<b>IT (information technology)</b>	In IT, we are creating the school website.	IT (die), Informatik (die)	U2/1
	<b>art</b>	We had to draw our best friend in art yesterday.	Kunstunterricht (der)	U2/1
	<b>chemistry</b>	Chemistry can be a dangerous subject.	Chemieunterricht (der)	U2/1
	<b>geography</b>	We tried to draw a map of the world in geography.	Geografieunterricht (der)	U2/1
	<b>biology</b>	Our biology class is going to the zoo next week.	Biologieunterricht (der)	U2/1
	<b>textiles</b>	We're learning how to make t-shirts in textiles.	hier: Textiles Werken (das)	U2/1
	<b>physics</b>	physics is my favourite science subject.	Physikunterricht (der)	U2/1
<b>Going back to school</b>				
<b>3</b>	<b>school year</b>	The new school year starts on the first of	Schuljahr (das)	U2/3

		September.		
	<b>science</b>	She doesn't want to learn about science.	(Natur-)wissenschaft (die)	U2/3
<b>4</b>	<b>timetable</b>	My timetable for this school year is not as nice as last year.	Stundenplan (der)	U2/4
	<b>break</b>	We have a 5-minute break between the first and the second lesson.	Pause (die)	U2/4
	<b>(not) as .... as</b>	Biology is not as interesting as physics.	(nicht) so ... wie	U2/4
<b>My dream school</b>				
<b>5</b>	<b>dream school</b>	What is your dream school?	Traumschule (die)	U2/5
	<b>to be/feel afraid</b>	No one should feel afraid.	Angst haben, sich fürchten	U2/5
	<b>in class</b>	We are not allowed to play with our mobiles in class.	im Unterricht	U2/5
	<b>to express sth.</b>	How do you express a wish?	etwas ausdrücken, äußern	U2/6
<b>Schools around the world</b>				
	<b>colourful</b>	This is a very colourful picture.	bunt	U2/7
	<b>creativity</b>	In art, you need a lot of creativity.	Kreativität (die)	U2/7
	<b>drawing</b>	Today, we made drawings of the school.	Zeichnung (die)	U2/7
<b>8</b>	<b>to get to school</b>	How do you get to school?	zur Schule gelangen	U2/8
	<b>on foot</b>	The school is so close that I can go home on foot.	zu Fuß	U2/8
	<b>Spanish</b>	People from Argentina speak Spanish.	Spanisch (das)	U2/8
	<b>French</b>	I'm learning French at school.	Französisch (das)	U2/8
	<b>sign language</b>	I want to learn sign language next year.	Gebärdesprache (die)	U2/8
<b>9</b>	<b>to figure out sth.</b>	Can you figure out this problem?	etw begreifen, etw. herausfinden	U2/9
	<b>on your own</b>	She can figure things out on her own.	alleine, selbständig	U2/9
<b>Show what you can do</b>				
<b>10</b>	<b>to like sth. best</b>	Of all the subjects I like biology best.	etw. am liebsten mögen	U2/10
<b>Unit 3 My hometown</b>				
	<b>airport</b>	The airport is outside the city.	Flughafen (der)	U3/1
	<b>bus stop</b>	There is a bus stop near the post office.	Bushaltestelle (die)	U3/1
	<b>bus station</b>	The airport bus leaves from the bus station.	Busbahnhof (der)	U3/1

	<b>railway station</b>	I have to be at the railway station at 9 o'clock.	Bahnhof (der), Eisenbahnstation (die)	U3/1
	<b>underground station</b>	Could you tell me the way to the underground station?	U-Bahn-Station (die)	U3/1
<b>Asking the way</b>				
	<b>hospital</b>	It's about ten minutes to the hospital.	Krankenhaus (das)	U3/2
	<b>bank</b>	I need to get some money from the bank.	Bank (die)	U3/2
	<b>bakery</b>	There is a nice bakery around the corner.	Bäckerei (die)	U3/2
	<b>pool</b>	There is a public pool in our town.	Schwimmbad (das), Schwimmbecken (das)	U3/2
	<b>post office</b>	He went to the post office to post a letter.	Postamt (das)	U3/2
	<b>to turn left/right</b>	You have to turn left at Main Street.	links/rechts abbiegen	U3/2
	<b>to take the second (road) on the left/right</b>	Take the second road on the right.	die zweite Straße links/rechts nehmen	U3/2
	<b>first</b>	First, go to the end of the street.	hier: als Erstes, zuerst	U3/2
	<b>street</b>	Don't cross the street.	Straße (die)	U3/2
	<b>straight on</b>	Go straight on past the bookshop.	geradeaus	U3/2
	<b>to cross sth.</b>	Be careful when you cross the river.	etw. überqueren	U3/2
	<b>to walk/go along sth.</b>	Walk along that road for 300 metres.	etw. entlang gehen/fahren	U3/2
	<b>on your left/right</b>	Take the first on your right.	links/rechts von dir	U3/2
	<b>around the corner</b>	The supermarket is just around the corner.	um die Ecke	U3/2
	<b>in front of</b>	He is standing in front of the shop.	vor	U3/3
	<b>opposite</b>	The library is opposite the public pool.	gegenüber	U3/3
<b>How people live</b>				
	<b>shopping centre</b>	Don't go into the shopping centre.	Einkaufszentrum (das)	U3/4
	<b>park</b>	Don't follow the dog into the park.	Park (der)	U3/4
	<b>next to sth.</b>	The sports ground is next to the pub.	neben etw.	U3/4
	<b>beautiful</b>	She lives in a beautiful little cottage.	schön	U3/5
	<b>cheap</b>	It's cheaper to live in a small tent house.	billig	U3/5
	<b>clean</b>	The room looks very clean.	sauber	U3/5
	<b>careful</b>	Be careful when you cross the road.	vorsichtig	U3/6
	<b>to be able to do sth</b>	Will you be able to come to my party?	etw. tun können	U3/8
<b>9</b>	<b>bigger</b>	A city is bigger than a town.	größer	U3/9
	<b>neighbour</b>	Her neighbour plays music at night.	Nachbar (der), Nachbarin (die)	U3/9
	<b>apartment building</b>	There are 25 flats in this apartment building.	Wohnhaus (das)	U3/9
	<b>to have a barbecue</b>	At the weekend, we love having a barbecue	grillen	U3/9

		outside.		
<b>Unit 4 The world around us</b>				
	<b>to taste sth.</b>	Have you ever tasted food from another country?	etw. kosten, etw. schmecken	U4/1
	<b>milk product</b>	Yoghurt, butter and cheese are all milk products.	Milchprodukt (das)	U4/2
	<b>candy (AE)</b>	I could eat candy all day!	Süßigkeit (die), Zuckerl (das)	U4/2
	<b>oil</b>	You can use oil or butter to fry this egg.	Öl (das)	U4/2
	<b>grain</b>	Flour is made from grain.	Getreide(korn) (das)	U4/2
	<b>cereals</b>	I usually eat cereals with milk in the morning.	Getreide (das), Frühstücksflocken (die)	U4/2
<b>3</b>	<b>nationality</b>	What nationality are you?	Nationalität (die)	U4/3
	<b>India - Indian</b>	My mum is from India. She cooks only Indian food.	Indien - indisches	U4/3
	<b>China - Chinese</b>	I don't want to live in China but I love Chinese food.	China - chinesisch	U4/3
	<b>Spain - Spanish</b>	People in Spain speak Spanish.	Spanien - spanisch	U4/3
	<b>Greece - Greek</b>	We love Greece and Greek food.	Griechenland - griechisch	U4/3
	<b>Italy - Italian</b>	I love Italy because I love Italian food.	Italien - italienisch	U4/3
	<b>packed lunch</b>	Many students bring a packed lunch to school.	Jausenpaket (das), mitgebrachtes Mittagessen (das)	U4/4
	<b>to be allowed to do sth.</b>	I am not allowed to have any sweets.	etw. tun dürfen	U4/4
	<b>bowl</b>	We usually have a big bowl of rice and vegetables.	Schüssel (die)	U4/4
	<b>knife</b>	You use a knife to cut things.	Messer (das)	U4/4
	<b>fork</b>	In the UK, you eat with a knife and a fork.	Gabel (die)	U4/4
	<b>like</b>	What are your likes and dislikes?	Vorliebe (die), Neigung (die)	U4/5
	<b>dislike</b>	Let's talk about your likes and dislikes for travelling.	Abneigung (die)	U4/5
	<b>Asian</b>	Some people say that Asians eat a lot of rice.	Asiate (der), Asiatin (die)	U4/6
	<b>spicy</b>	Indians often eat very spicy food.	würzig, scharf	U4/6
	<b>hot</b>	This curry is too hot for me.	hier: scharf	U4/6
	<b>onion</b>	Do you like onions in your salad?	Zwiebel (die)	U4/6
	<b>smelly</b>	The onion dip is very smelly.	stinkend, übelriechend	U4/6
	<b>tasty</b>	Her food is always tasty.	schmackhaft, lecker	U4/6
	<b>fatty</b>	Don't eat food that is too fatty.	fetthaltig, fettig	U4/6
	<b>strong</b>	She loves food that has a strong taste.	kräftig, stark	U4/7
	<b>sweet</b>	She likes her tea sweet with a lot of sugar.	süß	U4/7

	<b>sour</b>	Green apples have a sour taste.	sauer	U4/7
	<b>bitter</b>	My mom likes dark, bitter chocolate.	bitter	U4/7
<b>Unit 5 It's all about fashion</b>				
<b>1</b>	<b>piece of clothing</b>	What's your favourite piece of clothing?	Kleidungsstück (das)	U5/1
	<b>belt</b>	You will need a belt with these jeans.	Gürtel (der)	U5/1
	<b>boots</b>	It's snowing outside, you should wear boots.	Stiefel (die)	U5/1
	<b>cap</b>	When it's sunny, I usually wear a cap.	Kappe (die)	U5/1
	<b>dress</b>	My favourite dress is black and blue.	Kleid (das)	U5/1
	<b>glasses</b>	Her glasses are big and round.	Brille (die)	U5/1
	<b>hat</b>	I'm looking for a grey hat.	Hut (der)	U5/1
	<b>hoodie</b>	On weekends I usually wear a hoodie.	Kapuzenpullover (der)	U5/1
	<b>pants (AE)</b>	She usually wears black pants.	Hose (die)	U5/1
	<b>trousers (BE)</b>	She usually wears black trousers.	Hose (die)	U5/1
	<b>sandals</b>	I'm looking for a pair of sandals.	Sandalen (die)	U5/1
	<b>scarf (pl. scarves)</b>	He only wears a scarf when it's very cold.	Schal (der)	U5/1
	<b>shoes</b>	How much is this pair of shoes?	Schuhe (die)	U5/1
	<b>shorts</b>	He always wears shorts, even in winter.	Shorts (die)	U5/1
	<b>Bermudas</b>	He always wears Bermudas, even in winter.	Bermudahose (die)	U5/1
	<b>skirt</b>	I don't like to wear skirts or dresses.	Rock (der)	U5/1
	<b>sneakers (AE)</b>	Have you seen my sneakers?	Turnschuhe (die)	U5/1
	<b>trainers (BE)</b>	Have you seen my trainers?	Turnschuhe (die)	U5/1
	<b>sweater</b>	I bought a really cool sweater in the US.	(Sport-)Pullover (der)	U5/1
	<b>tank top</b>	Do you have any black tank tops?	Trägerhemd (das)	U5/1
	<b>T-shirt</b>	We bought the same t-shirt at a concert.	T-Shirt (das)	U5/1
<b>Let's go shopping!</b>				
<b>2</b>	<b>shop assistant</b>	The shop assistant showed me lots of nice sweaters.	Verkäufer (der), Verkäuferin (die)	U5/2
	<b>customer</b>	The customer wants to buy something in the shop.	Kunde (der), Kundin (die)	U5/2
	<b>shirt</b>	I'm looking for a shirt for school.	Hemd (das)	U5/2
	<b>socks</b>	The socks are at the back of the shop.	Socken (die)	U5/2
	<b>to try on sth.</b>	Where can I try this on?	etw. anprobieren	U5/3
	<b>fashionable</b>	We don't worry about being fashionable.	modisch.	U5/4

	<b>jacket</b>	I like my brown jacket a lot.	Jacke (die)	U5/4
	<b>trendy</b>	It's important to me that I have trendy clothes.	modisch	U5/4
<b>5</b>	<b>to be made of sth.</b>	What are your clothes made of?	aus etw. gemacht sein	U5/5
	<b>casual</b>	I usually wear casual clothes at home.	lässig, Freizeit-	U5/5
	<b>fabric</b>	What fabric is this tank top made of?	Stoff (der)	U5/5
	<b>fairy</b>	Should I dress up as a fairy?	Fee (die), Elfe (die)	U5/7
	<b>demon</b>	I'm going to the party as a demon.	Dämon (der)	U5/7
	<b>skeleton</b>	I really love this skeleton costume.	Skelett (das)	U5/7
	<b>living</b>	The living and the dead came together on that night.	Lebende (der/die/das), lebend	U5/7
	<b>neighbourhood</b>	Children go around the neighbourhood to collect sweets.	Nachbarschaft (die)	U5/7
<b>Unit 6 Aliens</b>				
	<b>outer space</b>	The aliens came from outer space.	Weltraum (der), Weltall (das)	U6/1
	<b>alien</b>	Aliens are creatures from other planets.	außerirdisches Wesen (das)	U6/1
	<b>Earth</b>	There are over 7 billion humans living on Earth.	Erde (die)	U6/1
	<b>planet</b>	Earth, Mars and Venus are all planets.	Planet (der)	U6/1
	<b>to be sure</b>	You can't be sure what they think.	(sich) sicher sein	U6/2
	<b>probably</b>	They'll probably wonder why we don't have wings.	wahrscheinlich	U6/2
	<b>clever</b>	We aren't as clever as they are.	klug, gescheit	U6/2
	<b>strange</b>	Aliens find us humans very strange.	seltsam, sonderbar	U6/3
	<b>to move</b>	These aliens can move as fast as a car.	hier: sich (fort)bewegen	U6/3
	<b>hole</b>	Humans have two tiny holes for seeing.	Loch (das)	U6/3
	<b>three times</b>	Earthlings put stuff in their mouths three times a day.	dreimal	U6/3
	<b>to grow</b>	Their food grows on trees and on the ground.	wachsen	U6/3
	<b>to cover sth.</b>	They cover their bodies to keep warm.	etw. bedecken, zudecken	U6/3
	<b>to keep sth. somewhere</b>	Where do you keep your washing machine?	etw. wo aufbewahren	U6/3
<b>4</b>	<b>to land</b>	The two aliens have landed on Earth.	landen	U6/4
	<b>to frighten sb.</b>	Our music doesn't frighten them.	jmdn. erschrecken, jmdm. Angst machen	U6/4
	<b>lie - lied</b>	They lied about the aliens.	lügen	U6/6
	<b>to laugh at sb.</b>	Their friends are laughing at them.	jmdn. auslachen	U6/6
	<b>to shake your head</b>	The teachers are shaking their heads.	den Kopf schütteln	U6/6
	<b>to not need (to do) sth.</b>	You don't need to be afraid.	etw. nicht machen müssen	U6/6

	<b>to put up your hand</b>	A girl in the class puts up her hand.	aufzeigen	U6/6
	<b>to explain</b>	They tried to explain to us why they were afraid.	erklären	U6/6
	<b>to speak to sb. - spoke</b>	I spoke to you and now we know who you are.	mit jmdm. sprechen	U6/6
<b>Fact or fiction?</b>				
	<b>huge</b>	It was a huge alien spaceship.	riesig, riesengroß	U6/7
	<b>to box</b>	The creatures started boxing and fighting.	boxen	U6/7
	<b>to scream (in fear)</b>	We all screamed in fear.	(vor Angst) schreien	U6/7
	<b>fast</b>	The aliens were moving very fast.	schnell	U6/7
	<b>ground</b>	They all fell to the ground.	(Erd-)Boden (der)	U6/7
	<b>to promise</b>	Did they promise to come back?	versprechen	U6/8
<b>9</b>	<b>to be frightened</b>	The children weren't frightened when they came.	Angst haben	U6/9
<b>Unit 7 Money</b>				
	<b>cash</b>	Sorry, I don't have any cash.	Bargeld (das)	U7/1
	<b>credit card</b>	Can I use your credit card?	Kreditkarte (die)	U7/1
	<b>coin</b>	You must pay with banknotes and coins.	Münze (die)	U7/1
	<b>bank account</b>	Do you have a bank account with us?	Bankkonto (das)	U7/1
<b>Pocket money</b>				
<b>2</b>	<b>to save money</b>	You'll have to learn to save your money.	Geld sparen	U7/2
<b>3</b>	<b>to water the plants</b>	I water the plants in the living room every day.	die Pflanzen gießen	U7/3
	<b>to take the rubbish out</b>	Sometimes Dad asks me to take the rubbish out.	den Müll rausbringen	U7/3
	<b>to empty the dishwasher</b>	Could you empty the dishwasher?	die Geschirrspülmaschine einräumen	U7/3
	<b>to mow the lawn</b>	I mow our lawn once a month.	den Rasen mähen	U7/3
<b>4</b>	<b>to pay - paid</b>	Can I pay some money into my bank account?	(be)zahlen	U7/4
	<b>bank card</b>	Do you have a bank card?	Bankkarte (die)	U7/4
	<b>piggy bank</b>	I don't keep my money in a piggy bank.	Sparschwein (das)	U7/6
	<b>to spend money on sth.</b>	She spends most of her money on clothes.	Geld für etwas ausgeben	U7/7
	<b>wonderful</b>	Her life is wonderful.	wunderbar, wundervoll	U7/7
	<b>to be happy for sb.</b>	I'm so happy for her.	sich für jmdn. freuen	U7/7
	<b>to pick up sth.</b>	He picked up the money.	etw. aufheben	U7/8
	<b>to keep sth.</b>	It was not ok to keep the money.	etw. behalten	U7/8
	<b>pocket</b>	He put the money in his pocket.	(Hosen-)tasche (die)	U7/8
	<b>police station</b>	Do you know where the police station is?	Polizeiwache (die)	U7/9

<b>Show what you can do</b>				
	<b>to help around the house</b>	My parents ask me to help around the house.	im Haushalt helfen	U7/11
	<b>to earn money</b>	I help so that I can earn extra money.	Geld verdienen	U7/11
	<b>snowball fight</b>	We often have a snowball fight.	Schneeballschlacht	U7/11
	<b>heavy</b>	The trash is too heavy for her.	schwer	U7/11
	<b>snowman</b>	They are building a snowman outside.	Schneemann (der)	U7/11
<b>Unit 8 Natural disasters</b>				
	<b>avalanche</b>	An avalanche hit a village in Italy.	Lawine (die)	U8/1
	<b>flood</b>	The flood came suddenly in the middle of the night.	Flut (die)	U8/1
	<b>earthquake</b>	A village in China was hit by an earthquake yesterday.	Erdbeben (das)	U8/1
	<b>tornado</b>	A tornado will hit us tomorrow afternoon.	Tornado (der)	U8/1
	<b>hurricane</b>	The hurricane caused flooding in many areas.	(tropischer) Wirbelsturm (der), Hurrikan (der)	U8/1
<b>When nature goes wild</b>				
	<b>weather extreme</b>	Read about weather extremes around the world.	Wetterextrem (das)	U8/2
	<b>to be killed by sth./sb.</b>	The man was not killed by the lightning.	getötet werden	U8/2
	<b>to be hit by sth.</b>	The region was hit by an earthquake.	getroffen werden	U8/2
	<b>to be buried</b>	People were buried under an avalanche.	verschüttet, begraben sein	U8/2
	<b>to be rescued by sb</b>	He was rescued by a firefighter.	von jmdm gerettet werden	U8/2
	<b>to pull sb./sth. from sth.</b>	They pulled some puppies from a car.	jmdn./etw. aus etw. herausziehen	U8/2
	<b>missing</b>	All missing people were found.	vermisst	U8/3
	<b>to be hurt</b>	Nobody was hurt in the accident	verletzt werden	U8/3
	<b>rich</b>	Rich Romans spent the summer in Pompeii.	reich	U8/4
	<b>Roman</b>	The Romans celebrated Halloween a long time ago.	Römer (der), Römerin (die)	U5/7
	<b>volcano (pl. volcanoes)</b>	Mount Vesuvius is a volcano.	Vulkan (der)	U8/4
	<b>to be destroyed by sth</b>	Buldings were destroyed by the lava.	zerstört werden	U8/4
	<b>to find shelter</b>	Try to find shelter immediately.	Schutz suchen	U8/5
	<b>to get out of sth.</b>	Get out of the water immediately.	aus etw. hinausgehen	U8/5
	<b>must not</b>	You mustn't use your phone in a thunderstorm.	nicht dürfen	U8/5
<b>6</b>	<b>to stop quickly</b>	Stop as quickly as possible.	rasch anhalten	U8/6

	<b>outdoors</b>	If you are outdoors, run back to your home.	im Freien	U8/6
	<b>to be over</b>	The earthquake is finally over.	vorbei sein	U8/6
	<b>direction</b>	Masses of rock move in different directions.	Richtung (die)	U8/8
	<b>to pay attention to sth.</b>	We didn't pay attention to the noise.	etw. beachten	U8/9
	<b>to be damaged</b>	The building was badly damaged.	beschädigt werden	U8/9
	<b>broken</b>	There was fire coming from broken gas pipes.	kaputt	U8/9
	<b>to put out a fire</b>	The firefighters put out the fire.	ein Feuer löschen	U8/9
	<b>to press a button</b>	She pressed the button for the lift.	einen Knopf drücken	U8/9
	<b>to break out</b>	Why did the fire break out?	ausbrechen	U8/9
	<b>land</b>	The flow of water rises and spreads over the land.	Boden (der), Land (das)	U8/10
	<b>hill</b>	Earth and rock were moving down the hill.	Hügel (der)	U8/10
	<b>lava</b>	A volcano's lava is very hot.	Lava (die)	U8/10
	<b>field</b>	Droughts damage the fields.	Feld (das)	U8/10
	<b>to dry up sth.</b>	They dry up the rivers.	etw. austrocknen	U8/10
<b>Unit 9 Life is dangerous</b>				
	<b>candle</b>	Don't play with a burning candle.	Kerze (die)	U9/1
	<b>light bulb</b>	You need to change the light bulb.	Glühbirne (die)	U9/1
<b>Safety first</b>				
<b>2</b>	<b>safety</b>	Safety is a very important thing.	Sicherheit (die)	U9/2
	<b>to run after sth./sb.</b>	They ran after the school bus.	etw./jmdm. nachlaufen	U9/2
	<b>to fall over - fell over</b>	She fell over when she was trying to get off the bus.	hinfallen, stürzen	U9/3
	<b>dog lead</b>	She tripped over a dog lead.	Hundeleine (die)	U9/3
<b>The dangerous camping trip</b>				
<b>5</b>	<b>national park</b>	The US has many beautiful national parks.	Nationalpark (der)	U9/5
	<b>safety rules</b>	Please follow our safety rules.	Sicherheitsvorschriften (die)	U9/5
	<b>beauty</b>	This way, you can see the beauty of this park.	Schönheit (die)	U9/5
	<b>to follow rules</b>	If you camp here, you have to follow these rules.	Regeln befolgen	U9/5
	<b>to put up a tent</b>	Don't put up your tent under a large tree.	ein Zelt aufstellen	U9/5
	<b>soap</b>	Wash your hands with water and soap.	Seife (die)	U9/5
	<b>drinking water</b>	Always bring your own drinking water.	Trinkwasser (das)	U9/5
	<b>to light a fire</b>	Do not light any fires here.	ein offenes Feuer machen	U9/5
	<b>rubbish</b>	Take all your rubbish home with you.	Müll (der)	U9/5

	<b>necessary</b>	Taking home all rubbish is necessary.	notwendig	U9/5
	<b>wheelchair</b>	He helped his sister into the wheelchair.	Rollstuhl (der)	U9/6
	<b>loaf of bread (pl. loaves)</b>	He found a loaf of bread in the bag.	Brotlaib (der)	U9/6
	<b>information board</b>	They saw an information board with safety rules.	Informationstafel (die)	U9/6
7	<b>to break the rules</b>	Which of the rules did they break?	die Regeln brechen	U9/7
	<b>pillow</b>	They need to mend the pillow.	Polster (der), Kissen (das)	U9/8
	<b>garage</b>	She is washing the car in the garage.	Garage (die)	U9/8
	<b>slippy (coll.) /slippery</b>	The oil is really slippy.	rutschig	U9/9
	<b>lively</b>	The girl was a very lively child.	lebhaft	U9/10
	<b>to give sb. a bath</b>	You were giving her a bath when she jumped out.	jmdn. baden	U9/10
	<b>to take a photo</b>	This photo was taken at Halloween.	ein Foto machen	U9/10
	<b>to get dressed</b>	You were getting dressed when the dog came in.	sich anziehen	U9/10
<b>Unit 10 Moody Rudy</b>				
1	<b>moody</b>	He is always so moody.	schlecht gelaunt, launisch	U10/1
	<b>to be in a bad mood</b>	Rudy is in a bad mood again.	schlecht gelaunt sein	U10/1
	<b>nervous</b>	He is nervous about the exam tomorrow.	nervös	U10/1
	<b>to be confused</b>	He was quite confused when Alina smiled at him.	verwirrt sein	U10/1
	<b>disappointed</b>	He hasn't bought me a present, now I'm disappointed.	enttäuscht	U10/2
3	<b>ring</b>	I've lost my ring.	Ring (der)	U10/3
	<b>proud</b>	We are proud because you have won the football match.	stolz	U10/3
	<b>unhappy</b>	She is unhappy because somebody has broken her phone.	unglücklich	U10/3
	<b>to miss sth.</b>	I always miss my friends when I'm on holiday.	etw. vermissen	U10/4
	<b>attractive</b>	She is very attractive.	attraktiv	U10/5
	<b>to steal - stole - stolen</b>	He tells everybody that I stole his maths exam paper.	stehlen	U10/5
	<b>throw away sth.</b>	I didn't throw it away.	etw. wegwerfen	U10/5
	<b>to be against sth.</b>	His parents are against it.	gegen etw. sein	U10/6
	<b>sleepover</b>	She wants to invite some friends for a sleepover.	Pyjamaparty (die)	U10/6
	<b>to accept sth.</b>	He can't accept that she can run faster.	etw. akzeptieren	U10/6
	<b>to treat sb. unfairly</b>	He treats here unfairly.	jmdn. unfair behandeln	U10/6
	<b>to keep a secret</b>	She thinks her best friends doesn't keep secrets.	ein Geheimnis für sich behalten	U10/6

	<b>to try out sth.</b>	Let's try out my new skateboard!	etw. ausprobieren	U10/7
	<b>to beat - beat - beaten</b>	My heart was beating fast.	schlagen	U10/7
	<b>to be angry with sb.</b>	I was really angry with him.	böse auf jmdn. sein	U10/7
	<b>driver</b>	The driver didn't see me and I couldn't stop my skateboard.	Fahrer	U10/7
	<b>plaster (cast)</b>	My arm is in a plaster cast.	Gips(-verband) (der)	U10/7
	<b>unfair</b>	It was unfair of me to laugh at you.	unfair	U10/8
	<b>to call sb. sth.</b>	He called him a scaredy cat.	hier: jmdn. als etw. beschimpfen	U10/8
	<b>silly</b>	I'm sorry for being such a silly coward.	dumm	U10/8
<b>Unit 11 Crime</b>				
1	<b>crime</b>	Stealing is a crime.	Verbrechen (das)	U11/1
	<b>to break into sth.</b>	A man is breaking into a shop.	in etw. einbrechen	U11/1
	<b>to rob (a bank)</b>	They robbed a bank yesterday.	(eine Bank) ausrauben, überfallen	U11/1
	<b>to gossip about sb.</b>	They like gossiping about me.	über jmdn. tratschen, über jmdn. klatschen	U11/1
	<b>to bully sb.</b>	This boy in my class is bullying me.	jmdn. tyrannisieren, jmdn. mobben	U11/1
	<b>to threaten sb.</b>	The man is threatening the cashier.	jmdn. bedrohen	U11/1
	<b>bully (pl. bullies)</b>	Teachers usually know who the bullies are in a class.	jmd., der andere einschüchtert, bedroht oder verletzt	U11/1
	<b>to hurt sb.</b>	Bullies like hurting others.	jmdm. wehtun, jmdn. verletzen	U11/1
	<b>shoplifter</b>	The shoplifter put something in his backpack.	Ladendieb (der), Ladendiebin (die)	U11/3
	<b>shoplifting</b>	He was arrested for shoplifting.	Ladendiebstahl (der)	U11/3
4	<b>to break sth. - broke - broken</b>	They have broken the window.	etw. zerbrechen	U11/4
	<b>to tear sth. - tore - torn</b>	They have torn my papers.	etw. zerreißen	U11/4
	<b>to arrest sb.</b>	The police have arrested two women.	jmdn. verhaften	U11/5
	<b>to catch sb.</b>	They have caught the thieves.	jmdn. fangen, festnehmen	U11/5
	<b>bank robber</b>	The police are looking for a bank robber	Bankräuber (der), Bankräuberin (die)	U11/5
	<b>thief (pl. thieves)</b>	The thieves are running away from the police.	Dien (der), Diebin (die)	U11/5
	<b>to keep sth. a secret</b>	Do you keep the posting a secret?	etw. geheim halten	U11/7

	<b>to post sth.</b>	He posted the photo online.	etw. ins Internet stellen	U11/7
	<b>to share sth.</b>	Do you ask if you can share it?	etw. teilen (mit jmdm.)	U11/7
	<b>to click</b>	Don't click on links from people you don't know.	klicken	U11/7
<b>8</b>	<b>burglar</b>	They have caught the burglar.	Einbrecher (der), Einbrecherin (die)	U11/8
<b>Unit 12 Lost ... and found - a play</b>				
	<b>scene</b>	What is happening in each scene?	Szene (die)	U12/1
	<b>trunk</b>	Two men are carrying away a heavy trunk.	Koffer (der), Truhe (die)	U12/1
	<b>character</b>	There are two characters who are trying to steal something.	Figur (die), Charakter (der)	U12/1
<b>2</b>	<b>king</b>	The class is visiting King Aled's castle.	König (der)	U12/2
	<b>guide</b>	Welcome, I will be your guide today.	Führer (der), Führerin (die)	U12/2
	<b>locked</b>	The cabinet with the crown was locked.	versperrt	U12/2
	<b>to push sth.</b>	She pushes a button and a hologram appears in the cabinet.	drücken	U12/2
	<b>gold</b>	Look, the crown is made of gold!	Gold (das)	U12/2
<b>3</b>	<b>excited</b>	The children were very excited about the robbery.	aufgeregt, begeistert	U12/3
<b>4</b>	<b>gardener</b>	The gardeners are wearing jackets with "Castle Aled Gardens".	Gärtner (der), Gärtnerin (die)	U12/4
	<b>uniform</b>	The children are all wearing their school uniforms.	Uniform (die)	U12/4
	<b>way</b>	Don't go that way, you kids.	hier: Richtung (die)	U12/4
	<b>butterfly</b>	Look, there's a beautiful butterfly over there.	Schmetterling (der)	U12/4
<b>6</b>	<b>not at all</b>	It's not muddy at all here.	überhaupt nicht	U12/6
	<b>bush</b>	Let's sit by these bushes.	Busch (der), Gebüsch (das)	U12/6
	<b>spider</b>	There are spiders and bugs under the castle.	Spinne (die)	U12/6
	<b>bug</b>	I don't like spiders and bugs.	Käfer (der), Insekt (das)	U12/6
	<b>to be lost</b>	The poor dog is lost in the tunnels.	sich verirrt haben	U12/6
<b>8</b>	<b>mystery</b>	It's a mystery how the thieves got in.	hier: Rätsel (das)	U12/8
	<b>Mummy</b>	Mummy's coming, darling!	Mama (die), Mami (die)	U12/8
	<b>darling</b>	My poor little darling!	Schatz (der), Liebling (der)	U12/8
	<b>audience</b>	You should show your emotions to your audience.	Publikum (das)	U12/9
	<b>throne</b>	I can see the throne, we must be in the crown room.	Thron (der)	U12/10

	<b>to film sth./sb.</b>	He is filming the class and the teacher.	jmdn./etw. filmen	U12/12
<b>Unit 13 Sports</b>				
1	<b>badminton</b>	To play badminton, you need a racket.	Badminton (das), Federball (der)	U13/1
	<b>(ice) hockey</b>	Hockey players have to be able to skate.	(Eis-)Hockey (das)	U13/1
	<b>horse riding</b>	I love going horse riding at the weekend.	Reiten (das)	U13/1
	<b>mountain climbing</b>	Last year, I went mountain climbing in Austria.	Bergsteigen (das)	U13/1
	<b>table tennis</b>	Can you play table tennis?	Tischtennis (das)	U13/1
	<b>volleyball</b>	We often play volleyball at school.	Volleyball (das)	U13/1
	<b>windsurfing</b>	I want to try windsurfing next year.	Windsurfen (das)	U13/1
	<b>rollerskating</b>	She only goes rollerskating with her friends.	Rollschuhfahren (das)	U13/4
	<b>bungee jump</b>	Have you ever done a bungee jump?	Bungeesprung (der)	U13/4
	<b>sailing</b>	Have you ever been sailing?	Segeln (das)	U13/4
	<b>to be able to do sth.</b>	She wants to be able to eat with a knife and a fork.	etw. tun können	U13/5
	<b>training accident</b>	She had a training accident and broke her spine.	Trainingsunfall (der)	U13/5
	<b>to train regularly</b>	She must train regularly.	regelmäßig trainieren	U13/5
	<b>athlete</b>	Other athletes and friends have written her letters.	Sportler(der), Sportlerin (die)	U13/5
	<b>boyfriend</b>	Her boyfriend has also helped her a lot.	fester Freund (der)	U13/5
	<b>skates</b>	You need skates to move around.	hier: Eislaufschuhe (die)	U13/6
	<b>glove</b>	I wear special gloves when I play ice hockey.	Handschuh (der)	U13/6
7	<b>to skate</b>	Are you able to skate fast?	hier: eislaufen	U13/7
	<b>to hurt yourself</b>	Be careful not to hurt yourself.	sich verletzen	U13/7
	<b>fitness</b>	You must fill in a fitness questionnaire.	Gesundheit (die), Fitness (die)	U13/8
	<b>gym</b>	How many times a week do you go to the gym?	hier: Fitnesstudio	U13/8
<b>Unit 14 The Vikings</b>				
1	<b>Viking</b>	Read about how the Vikings came to Great Britain.	Wikinger (der), Wikingerin (die)	U14/1
<b>The history of the Vikings</b>				
2	<b>warrior</b>	The Vikings were pirates and warriors.	Krieger (der), Kriegerin (die)	U14/2
	<b>trader</b>	They were also traders.	Händler (der), Händlerin (die)	U14/2
	<b>Scandinavia</b>	The Vikings lived in Scandinavia.	Skandinavien (das)	U14/2
	<b>to trade</b>	The Vikings traded with other people.	handeln	U14/2

	<b>homeland</b>	The homeland of the Vikings were the southern parts of Scandinavia.	Heimatland (das)	U14/3
	<b>Norway</b>	Norway is a Scandinavian country.	Norwegen (das)	U14/3
	<b>Denmark</b>	Denmark is also a country in Scandinavia.	Dänemark (das)	U14/3
	<b>Sweden</b>	Sweden is a country next to Norway.	Schweden (das)	U14/3
	<b>to set up sth.</b>	They arrived with their ships to set up villages.	etw. aufbauen	U14/3
	<b>treasure</b>	Many of them were trying to find treasure.	Schatz (der)	U14/3
	<b>explorer</b>	The Vikings were also explorers.	Erforscher (der), Erforscherin (die)	U14/3
	<b>violent</b>	The Vikings were a very violent people.	brutal, gewaltsam	U14/3
	<b>Ireland</b>	Ireland is an island next to Great Britain.	Irland (das)	U14/3
	<b>to rule</b>	The Danes ruled England for a long time.	regieren, beherrschen	U14/3
	<b>Norwegian</b>	The Norwegian Vikings came from Norway.	norwegisch, Norweger (der), Norwegerin (die)	U14/3
	<b>to sail</b>	They Vikings sailed to the British Isles.	segeln	U14/3
	<b>to do sth. by hand</b>	The Vikings did their work by hand.	etw. von Hand machen	U14/4
	<b>dwarf</b>	A dwarf is a very little person.	Zwerg (der), Zwergin (die)	U14/5
	<b>to grow sth.</b>	The farmers grew plants and had animals.	etw. anbauen	U14/5
	<b>god</b>	One of the gods was called "Odin".	Gott (der)	U14/5
	<b>parliament</b>	The Viking people had some kind of parliament.	Parlament (das)	U14/5
	<b>fact sheet</b>	Make a fact sheet with at least three facts.	Informationsblatt (das)	U14/5
	<b>tour</b>	We started our tour around the Village at 10 o'clock.	Führung (die)	U14/6
	<b>discoverer</b>	He was a great discoverer.	Entdecker (der), Entdeckerin (die)	U14/7
	<b>Iceland</b>	He went from Norway to Iceland.	Island (das)	U14/7
	<b>clan</b>	He sailed over the sea with his clan.	Clan (der)	U14/7
	<b>Greenland</b>	They sailed to Greenland.	Grönland (das)	U14/7
	<b>Newfoundland</b>	Newfoundland is an island in North America.	Neufundland	U14/7
	<b>sail</b>	The sail was a large piece of woven wool.	Segel (das)	U14/8
	<b>longboat</b>	The Vikings' ships were called longboats.	Langboot (das)	U14/8
	<b>wool</b>	They used wool to make the sails.	(Tier-)Wolle (die)	U14/8
	<b>the very front</b>	It was at the very front of the ship.	ganz vorne	U14/8
<b>9</b>	<b>crew</b>	He had a crew of about 35 men.	Besatzung (die)	U14/9
<b>Unit 15 Festivals,</b>				

<b>customs and traditions</b>				
	<b>festival</b>	The lantern festival in Thailand is held every year.	Festival (das)	U15/1
	<b>bad luck</b>	I had a whole day of bad luck.	Pech (das)	U15/1
	<b>to allow sth.</b>	The headmaster is allowing them to use the school.	etw. erlauben	U15/2
	<b>indoors</b>	They want to hold the festival indoors.	drinnen	U15/2
	<b>headmaster</b>	They are going to ask the headmaster.	Direktor (der)	U15/2
	<b>to organise sth.</b>	Who is organising food and drinks?	etw. organisieren	U15/2
	<b>to-do list</b>	Let's write a plan and a to-do list.	Besorgungsliste, Aufgabenliste	U15/2
	<b>meeting</b>	What do they have to do before the next meeting?	Versammlung (die), Treffen (das)	U15/2
	<b>decoration</b>	I'd like to make some decorations.	Dekoration (die)	U15/4
	<b>invitation</b>	I can prepare the invitations.	Einladung (die)	U15/4
	<b>to print sth.</b>	You can print some signs.	etw. (aus)drucken	U15/4
8	<b>to get ready</b>	Today I'm getting ready for my birthday party.	sich herrichten	U15/8
	<b>to blow up sth.</b>	I've blown up the balloons.	etw. aufblasen	U15/8
	<b>balloon</b>	There is a red and a green balloon.	Luftballon (der)	U15/8
	<b>to have a fever</b>	Tom had a high fever all week.	Fieber haben	U15/8
<b>Unit 16 Fact detectives</b>				
	<b>Roman</b>	These are the things Roman students had in their classroom.	römisch, Römer (der), Römerin (die)	FD2/1
	<b>private tutor</b>	They were taught by private tutors.	Privatlehrer (der), Privatlehrerin (die)	FD2/1
	<b>Greek</b>	Roman students had to learn the Greek language.	griechisch, Grieche (der), Griechin (die)	FD2/1
	<b>pottery</b>	They had pottery in their classroom.	Töpferwaren (die), Keramik (die)	FD2/1
	<b>sharpener</b>	Can I borrow your sharpener?	Spitzer (der)	FD2/1
2	<b>knowledge</b>	We have great knowledge of Roman history.	Wissen (das)	FD2/2
	<b>slave</b>	The Romans brought back slaves from Greece.	Sklave (der), Sklavin (die)	FD2/2
	<b>author</b>	The texts were written by famous authors.	Autor (der), Autorin (die)	FD2/2
	<b>unknown</b>	Make a list of the unknown words.	unbekannt	FD2/2
<b>Clothing and fashion (Unit 5)</b>				
1	<b>perfume</b>	Did the Romans use perfume?	Parfum (das)	FD5/1

	<b>hairstyle</b>	Did Roman people have different hairstyles?	Frisur (die)	FD5/1
	<b>underwear</b>	Did the Romans wear underwear?	Unterwäsche (die)	FD5/1
	<b>jewellery</b>	Did the Romans wear jewellery?	Schmuck (der)	FD5/1
	<b>straight</b>	Is her hair straight or curly?	gerade, glatt	FD5/2
	<b>to put sth. on</b>	Do you know how to put on a Roman toga?	etw. anziehen	FD5/3
	<b>citizen</b>	Do you want to dress like a Roman citizen?	Bürger (der), Bürgerin (die)	FD5/3
	<b>silver</b>	Some coins were made of silver.	Silber (das)	FD7/1
	<b>Roman Empire</b>	The Roman Empire had different kinds of coins.	Römisches Reich (das)	FD7/1
	<b>shape</b>	The coin's shape was round.	Form (die), Figur (die)	FD7/1
	<b>square</b>	The first Roman coins were square.	quadratisch, viereckig	FD7/1
	<b>twins</b>	The coin shows the twins Romulus and Remus.	Zwillinge (die)	FD7/2
<b>3</b>	<b>poster</b>	Use your poster and prepare a presentation.	Plakat (das), Poster (das)	FD7/3
	<b>to pronounce</b>	Do you know how to pronounce this word correctly?	aussprechen	FD7/3
	<b>prisoner</b>	The gladiators were mostly prisoners.	Gefangener (der), Gefangene (die)	FD13/1
	<b>bloody</b>	The fights in those theatres were very bloody.	blutig, grausam	FD13/1
	<b>weapon</b>	The gladiators all had different weapons.	Waffe (die)	FD13/1
	<b>slavery</b>	Slavery was not forbidden in ancient Rome.	Sklaverei (die)	FD13/1
	<b>successful</b>	Some Gladiators were very successful.	erfolgreich	FD13/1
	<b>calm</b>	You should always stay calm in front of a wild animal.	ruhig	FD13/1
	<b>net</b>	Some gladiators threw nets over the animals.	Netz (das)	FD13/1
	<b>sword</b>	He had a long sword and a helmet.	Schwert (das)	FD13/1
	<b>race</b>	Ancient Romans often had chariot races.	Rennen (das)	FD13/2
	<b>cart</b>	Chariots are carts pulled by horses.	Wagen (der)	FD13/3