

Unit 1			
	to start out	<i>sich aufmachen</i>	We start out for our camping tour.
1	profile	<i>das Profil</i>	His profile on Instagram is beautiful.
	to create	<i>entwerfen, anlegen</i>	She created the game herself.
	personal	<i>persönlich</i>	Please fill in your personal details.
	clothes (pl.)	<i>die Kleidung</i>	I must buy new clothes.
	actor/actress	<i>der/die Schauspieler/Schauspielerin</i>	He/She is the most famous actor/actress in the city.
2	above	<i>über, oben</i>	The bird flew above our heads.
	to introduce oneself	<i>sich vorstellen</i>	We introduced ourselves at the beginning.
3	to match	<i>verbinden</i>	In this game you must match pictures.
4	classmate	<i>der/die Mitschüler/in, der/die Klassenkamerad/in</i>	I am going to meet my classmates today.
	lucky number	<i>die Glückszahl</i>	My lucky number is eight.
	kind of	<i>Art von</i>	What kind of dog is it?
6	to tick	<i>anhaken, ankreuzen</i>	In this test you must tick the correct answer.
	It takes his sister a long time ...	<i>Seine Schwester braucht eine Weile ...</i>	It takes his sister a long time to get here.
	to get dressed	<i>sich anziehen</i>	I must get dressed for school.
	to enjoy sth.	<i>etw. genießen, an etw. Gefallen finden</i>	I enjoy playing Minecraft.
	maths	<i>die Mathe(matik)</i>	Many people don't like maths.
	to hang out	<i>herumhängen</i>	I like to hang out with friends.
7	to complete	<i>ausfüllen, abschließen, beenden</i>	I must complete this exercise.
	to go to sleep	<i>schlafen gehen</i>	I often go to sleep very late.
	noon	<i>der Mittag</i>	School finishes at noon.
8	in pairs	<i>paarweise, zu zweit</i>	Sometimes we work in pairs during the English lesson.
	whose	<i>wessen</i>	Whose pen is this?
9	juice	<i>der Saft</i>	I like apple juice.
	fishing	<i>das Fischen</i>	My dad really likes fishing.
	subject	<i>das Fach, der Gegenstand; der Betreff, das Thema</i>	Our favourite subject is English.
LIU	to leave	<i>verlassen, weggehen, aufbrechen</i>	Can we leave the party now, please? I'm tired.
	Earth	<i>die Erde</i>	The planet we live on is called Earth.
	to move	<i>(sich) bewegen; umziehen</i>	My parents and I moved to Wels last year.
	around	<i>um, herum, umher; ungefähr</i>	The dog is walking around the house.
	to tidy	<i>aufräumen</i>	Mum says I must tidy up my room.
	normally	<i>normalerweise, in der Regel</i>	Normally I go the sports club on Monday.
10	pupil	<i>der/die Schüler/in</i>	The pupil forgot his homework again.
11	to dislike sth.	<i>etw. nicht mögen</i>	Some people dislike the way I cook.
R	to take a shower	<i>(sich) duschen</i>	My cat doesn't like to take a shower.

	until	<i>bis</i>	We waited until they opened the doors.
	French	<i>das Französisch</i>	French is a difficult language.
	to teach (taught, taught)	<i>unterrichten, lehren</i>	At this school they teach Spanish.
	garage	<i>die Werkstätte</i>	Bob works in a garage as a car mechanic.
	to get home	<i>nachhause kommen</i>	I get home by bus.
	to spend (spent, spent)	<i>verbringen</i>	Where do you spend your free time?
	three times a week	<i>dreimal die Woche</i>	I go to the student club three times a week.
	to practise	<i>trainieren, üben</i>	I go there to practise my English.
	rule	<i>die Regel, die Vorschrift</i>	We shouldn't break the school rules.
12	to circle	<i>hier: einringeln</i>	Please circle the correct word.
	option	<i>die Auswahlmöglichkeit, die Option</i>	We have got three options.
	to cross out	<i>durchstreichen, ausstreichen</i>	Cross out the wrong word!
13	past	<i>hier: nach</i>	What's the time? It's ten past ten.
	formal	<i>förmlich, formell</i>	Some people find it hard to use formal language.
14	to write down	<i>niederschreiben</i>	Please write down the sentences in your exercise book.
	to take notes	<i>sich Notizen machen</i>	Please listen and take notes.
15	interaction	<i>die Interaktion, das Zusammenspiel</i>	The team have got great interaction.
	to interact with sb.	<i>mit jem. interagieren</i>	It's not easy to interact with somebody you don't like.
	You should ...	<i>Du sollst ...</i>	You should always do your homework.
	as much as	<i>so viel wie</i>	This map costs as much as the newspaper.
	to explain	<i>erklären</i>	Can you explain it again, please?
	to repeat	<i>wiederholen</i>	Now repeat the words after me.
	together	<i>gemeinsam, miteinander, zusammen</i>	Can we go to the cinema together?
	to lend	<i>borgen, leihen</i>	Can you lend me your pen, please?
	to have to do sth.	<i>etw. tun müssen</i>	I have to clean my bike this afternoon.
	to act out	<i>vorführen, aufführen</i>	We act out the dialogue.
16	would	<i>würde/-st/-n</i>	Would you like to go to Paris?
	to clean the board	<i>Tafel löschen</i>	The pupils clean the board after every lesson.
	to raise the hand	<i>aufzeigen, die Hand erheben</i>	Please raise your hand if you want to say something.
	quiet	<i>leise, ruhig</i>	Please be quiet, the baby is sleeping.
CYS	skill	<i>die Fähigkeit, das Können</i>	My best skill is drawing.
Unit 2			
1	nurse	<i>die/der Krankenschwester/Krankenpfleger</i>	She worked as a nurse in a hospital.
	to nurse	<i>pflegen</i>	Charlie nursed his daughter.
	kindergarten teacher	<i>der/die Kindergärtner/in</i>	The kindergarten teacher told the children a short story.
2	to service sth.	<i>etw. warten</i>	In his summer holidays, my dad always services my bike.
	type	<i>die Art, die Sorte</i>	What type of food do you like?

	to type	<i>tippen, Maschine schreiben</i>	He has to type a lot of emails every day.
	phone call	<i>das Telefongespräch</i>	The boss usually answers her phone calls in her office.
	to serve	<i>servieren, bedienen</i>	After serving the drinks the waitress left the restaurant.
	to prepare	<i>vorbereiten</i>	My mum always prepares breakfast in the morning.
	goods	<i>die Waren, die Güter</i>	The shop sells a lot of different goods.
	to install	<i>installieren, anschließen, einbauen</i>	It took them a long time to install the new kitchen.
	electrical equipment	<i>elektrische Anlagen</i>	The electrician installed the electrical equipment quickly.
	roll	<i>die Semmel</i>	He often has a roll with butter for breakfast.
	to build	<i>bauen</i>	Let's build a tree house in the garden!
	building	<i>das Gebäude</i>	This old building is very interesting.
3	at least	<i>mindestens, zumindest</i>	Write at least five sentences into your exercise book.
4	reason	<i>der Grund, die Ursache</i>	He had no reason to leave his house.
	advantage	<i>der Vorteil, der Pluspunkt</i>	There are a lot of advantages in his new job.
	disadvantage	<i>der Nachteil, der Minuspunkt</i>	I want to work as a cook because there are more advantages than disadvantages.
	exciting	<i>aufregend, spannend</i>	The film last night was really exciting.
	availability	<i>die Verfügbarkeit</i>	The availability of gas is not certain any more.
	available	<i>zur Verfügung, verfügbar</i>	At the moment there are many jobs available for young people.
	heat	<i>die Hitze</i>	Maria doesn't want to work in the heat, she wants to work in an office.
	to heat	<i>erhitzen</i>	Heat the milk, then add the coffee.
	well-paid	<i>gut bezahlt</i>	You have to work hard in this job, but it's really well-paid.
	wages (pl.)	<i>der Lohn</i>	Paul is very happy about the wages in his job.
	low	<i>niedrig</i>	He thinks that the wages are too low for the work he does.
	tip	<i>das Trinkgeld</i>	A waitress can get a lot of extra money from tips.
	customer	<i>der Kunde, die Kundin</i>	She talks to a lot of different customers every day.
	to set up one's own business	<i>sich selbständig machen</i>	It's his dream to set up his own business one day.
	varied	<i>abwechslungsreich</i>	Paula wants to be a teacher because one has varied work.
	chance of promotion	<i>die Aufstiegschance</i>	Julian wants to be an IT specialist because you have good chances of promotion.
7	careers office	<i>die Berufsberatungsstelle</i>	They helped me find a good job at the careers office.
	careers officer	<i>der/die Berufsberater/in</i>	The careers officer helped me to find a good job.
	between	<i>zwischen</i>	Listen to the dialogue between the careers officer and the pupil.
	appointment	<i>der Termin, die Verabredung</i>	Emily has got an appointment with her teacher at 12:30.
	muscle	<i>der Muskel</i>	Geri wants a job in which she can use her muscles.

	workshop	<i>die Werkstatt</i>	Jonathan doesn't want to work in a workshop, he wants to work in an office.
	company	<i>der Betrieb, die Firma</i>	She doesn't want to work in a big company, she wants to work in a small team.
	wood/wooden	<i>das Holz/aus Holz, hölzern</i>	She really likes working with wood.
	technical drawing	<i>Technisches Zeichnen</i>	Tina's favourite subject at school is technical drawing.
	to suggest	<i>vorschlagen, empfehlen</i>	The careers officer suggested a job with computers.
	to become	<i>werden</i>	What do you want to become?
8	following	<i>folgend, anschließend</i>	Complete the following questions.
10	What about you?	<i>Und du?</i>	What about you? Do you like the new teacher?
	sick	<i>krank</i>	I really want to work with sick people and become a nurse.
	tool	<i>das Werkzeug</i>	A mechanic should be interested in tools and machines.
	fashion	<i>die Mode</i>	A hairdresser must be interested in fashion.
	plant	<i>die Pflanze</i>	A florist should be interested in flowers and plants.
	by oneself	<i>allein(e)</i>	I like to work by myself.
	handicapped	<i>behindert</i>	I am interested in working with handicapped people.
	outdoors/indoors	<i>draußen/drinnen</i>	In many jobs you have to work indoors and outdoors.
	construction site	<i>die Baustelle</i>	It can get very hot on a construction site.
	factory	<i>die Fabrik</i>	The goods are produced in a large factory.
	quality	<i>die Eigenschaft</i>	What are your personal qualities?
	to be able to do sth.	<i>etw. tun können, in der Lage sein etw. zu tun</i>	Noah is not able to climb a tree, he has got a broken leg.
	to concentrate	<i>sich konzentrieren</i>	He is not able to concentrate because of the noise.
	honest	<i>ehrlich</i>	She is always honest when she talks to her parents.
	patient	<i>geduldig</i>	If you work with children, you must be very patient.
	pressure	<i>der Druck</i>	Many people can't work under pressure.
	polite/impolite	<i>höflich/unhöflich</i>	It isn't polite to ask a woman her age.
	experienced in	<i>erfahren in</i>	He has worked as a kindergarten teacher for 20 years, so he is very experienced in working with children.
	technically skilled	<i>technisch begabt/geschickt</i>	If you want to be an electrician, you must be technically skilled.
	to be a good team player	<i>teamfähig sein</i>	She likes to work with other people, so she is a good team player.
	a pleasant appearance	<i>ein angenehmes Äußeres</i>	If you are in contact with people, you should have a pleasant appearance.
	manners (pl.)	<i>die Manieren, das Benehmen</i>	His good manners helped him to get the job.
	physical condition	<i>körperliche Verfassung</i>	A bricklayer must have a good physical condition.
	memory	<i>das Gedächtnis, die Erinnerung</i>	Her memory is really good, she remembers all the names.

	physical education (PE)	<i>Leibesübungen (Bewegung und Sport – BSP)</i>	I am good at sports, so I enjoy PE a lot at school.
	applied informatics	<i>Angewandte Informatik</i>	In applied informatics you learn a lot about different computer programmes.
	career and human studies	<i>Berufs- und Lebenswelt</i>	I am a fan of career and human studies because it's important to learn about jobs.
	civic studies, economics and ecology	<i>Politische Bildung, Wirtschaftskunde und Ökologie</i>	My parents say that civic studies, economics and ecology is an easy subject.
	freedom	<i>die Freiheit</i>	In my job I like to have personal freedom. I only want to do the things I really want to do.
	member	<i>das Mitglied</i>	My family has got four members – mum, dad, my brother and me.
	responsibility	<i>die Verantwortung</i>	A doctor has got a lot of responsibility in his job.
	to earn	<i>verdienen</i>	Myles wants to earn a lot of money when he is older.
11	to report to the class	<i>der Klasse berichten</i>	Look at your answers and report to the class.
14	to go out	<i>ausgehen</i>	I have to get up early, so I don't go out in the evening.
R	firefighter	<i>der/die Feuerwehrmann/-frau</i>	You can often see films with police officers and firefighters on TV.
	in fact	<i>tatsächlich</i>	In fact, there are many dangerous jobs.
	timber cutter	<i>der/die Holzfäller/in</i>	The most dangerous job in the USA today is a timber cutter.
	to get injured	<i>verletzt werden</i>	Many workers get injured when trees fall on them.
	fisherman	<i>der Fischer, der Angler</i>	More than 100,000 fishermen die every year.
	to catch (caught, caught)	<i>fangen</i>	The police officer could catch the criminal.
	crab	<i>die Krabbe</i>	In winter, fishermen in Alaska catch crabs.
	from land	<i>vom Festland entfernt</i>	They spend many months hundreds of kilometres from land.
	storm	<i>der Sturm</i>	They have to work in storms, ice and snow.
	steel worker	<i>der/die Stahlarbeiter/in</i>	Steel workers have to work high in the air.
	skyscraper	<i>der Wolkenkratzer, das Hochhaus</i>	They saw a lot of skyscrapers in New York.
	passenger	<i>der/die Passagier/in</i>	A lot of passengers travel to Austria by train or car.
	safe	<i>sicher</i>	The big passenger planes we fly in are very safe.
	especially	<i>vor allem, besonders</i>	Especially flying at night can be dangerous.
	crop sprayer	<i>das Schädlingsbekämpfungsflugzeug</i>	Crop sprayers have a dangerous job because they have to fly very low.
	finally	<i>schließlich, endlich</i>	Finally, the other most dangerous jobs in America are jobs on the roads.
	cycle courier	<i>der/die Fahrradkurier/in</i>	Cycle couriers must have a good physical condition.

	to deliver	<i>austragen, ausliefern</i>	In New York, cycle couriers deliver thousands of letters every day to offices in the city.
	accident	<i>der Unfall</i>	Every year, a lot of truck drivers die in an accident.
	to fall asleep	<i>einschlafen</i>	They often have to work too long, so they fall asleep on the road.
17	subway (AE)	<i>die U-Bahn</i>	The subway in New York can transport a lot of people.
	commuter	<i>der/die Pendler/in</i>	Many commuters use the subway to get to work.
19	taster course	<i>die Schnupperlehre</i>	He phoned the company and asked for a taster course.
	well-known	<i>bekannt, namhaft</i>	The restaurant is well-known for its hamburgers.
	to look for sth.	<i>nach etwas suchen</i>	The football club always looks for new members.
	apprentice (cook)	<i>der (Koch-)Lehrling</i>	The restaurant is looking for an apprentice cook at the moment.
	to choose (chose, chosen)	<i>(aus)wählen, aussuchen</i>	You can choose between two different meals.
	still	<i>(immer) noch</i>	He'd like to know if they are still looking for an apprentice cook.
	to need	<i>brauchen, benötigen</i>	You need a good memory to work as a shop assistant.
	any	<i>hier: jede/-r/-s x-beliebige</i>	You can take any book you like.
	letter of application	<i>das Bewerbungsschreiben</i>	You learn how to write a letter of application in German.
	CV (curriculum vitae)	<i>der Lebenslauf</i>	The restaurant asked for his CV again because he forgot to send it.
	application (documents)	<i>die Bewerbung(sunterlagen)</i>	He has to upload his application documents on the company's website.
	invitation	<i>die Einladung</i>	Thank you for your invitation!
	to invite	<i>einladen</i>	If your documents are OK, we'll invite you for a short interview.
	I see.	<i>Aha./Ach so./Ich verstehe.</i>	I see. That's why you didn't call me back.
	You are welcome.	<i>Gern geschehen./Bitte sehr.</i>	You are welcome, that was no problem!
20	offer	<i>das Angebot</i>	This offer is good for three days.
	to offer	<i>(an)bieten</i>	The restaurant offers taster courses for two or three days.
21	advice	<i>der Rat</i>	His careers officer gives him some advice.
	necessary	<i>notwendig, erforderlich</i>	It is necessary to send the application documents before the interview.
	dress	<i>das Kleid</i>	I really like your dress!
	to dress	<i>sich kleiden</i>	Claudia always dresses like an internet star at school.
	smart	<i>elegant, fesch</i>	Harry usually buys smart clothes and shoes.
	to show	<i>zeigen</i>	Peter showed his teacher his CV before sending it.
	interest	<i>das Interesse</i>	He asked some questions to show his interest.

	to stay up	<i>aufbleiben</i>	She is always tired in the morning, she shouldn't stay up too long.
	careful	<i>sorgfältig</i>	She listened to the advice carefully.
Unit 3			
	health	<i>die Gesundheit</i>	Your health is very important.
	healthy	<i>gesund</i>	Always have a healthy breakfast!
1	skating	<i>das Eislaufen</i>	I like to go skating in winter.
3	sporty	<i>sportlich</i>	My sister is going to become a trainer ... she's really sporty.
	to exercise	<i>trainieren</i>	She exercises every day.
	once/twice/... times a week	<i>einmal/zweimal/...-mal pro Woche</i>	That's better than exercising only once a week.
5	equipment	<i>die Ausrüstung</i>	Please repair your equipment soon!
	ski boot	<i>der Schischuh</i>	I need new ski boots ... my old ones are too small.
	hockey stick	<i>der Hockeyschläger</i>	You can get a new hockey stick for €12.99.
	glove	<i>der Handschuh</i>	Wearing gloves is important when you play ice hockey.
	ski pole	<i>der Schistock</i>	Have you seen my other ski pole?
	ice skates	<i>die Schlittschuhe</i>	I got ice skates last Christmas.
	tennis racket	<i>der Tennisschläger</i>	Don't forget your tennis racket again for the big match on Saturday!
	cap	<i>die Kappe, die Mütze</i>	Can I use your cap, please? The sun is in my eyes.
	table tennis bat	<i>der Tischtennisschläger</i>	We sell the best table tennis bats in town!
	baseball bat	<i>der Baseballschläger</i>	A famous player's baseball bat has been stolen from the museum.
	golf club	<i>der Golfschläger</i>	Golf clubs have many different names.
	elbow pad	<i>der Ellbogenschoner</i>	Wear elbow pads to be safe!
6	to label	<i>benennen, beschildern</i>	Please label the parts of this picture in two different colours.
	to draw lines	<i>Linien zeichnen</i>	You can also draw lines.
	eyebrow	<i>die Augenbraue</i>	She raised her eyebrows when she heard the bad news.
	chin	<i>das Kinn</i>	There's some ketchup on your chin!
	neck	<i>der Nacken</i>	Giraffes have very long necks.
	wrist	<i>das Handgelenk</i>	My friend wants to get a tattoo on her wrist, but her parents won't let her.
	stomach	<i>der Bauch</i>	My stomach's really full after this fine lunch.
	waist	<i>die Taille</i>	I like T-shirts that cover the waist.
	shin	<i>das Schienbein</i>	I hit my shin the other day. That really hurt.
	ankle	<i>der Knöchel</i>	He needs an operation on his ankle.
	toe	<i>die Zehe</i>	Last year my mum broke her toe.
7	headache	<i>die Kopfschmerzen</i>	I won't go out tonight ... I've got a bad headache.

	toothache	<i>die Zahnschmerzen</i>	Dad's toothache wouldn't let him sleep.
	earache	<i>die Ohrenscherzen</i>	When a dog has an earache it shakes its head all the time.
	flu	<i>die Grippe</i>	I caught the flu and had to stay home.
	sore neck	<i>die Nackenschmerzen</i>	Please close the window, I don't want to get a sore neck.
	sore throat	<i>die Halsschmerzen</i>	I'll make you some tea for your sore throat.
	stomachache	<i>die Magenschmerzen</i>	If you eat all that chocolate you'll get stomachache.
	cough	<i>der Husten</i>	Tim has a cough and will not come to school today.
8	illness	<i>die Krankheit</i>	This is a serious illness.
	ill	<i>krank</i>	Don't go to school when you're ill.
	parking space	<i>der Parkplatz</i>	It's not easy to find a parking space in Vienna.
	to go around	<i>herumgehen (Krankheit)</i>	In autumn the flu always goes around.
	a few	<i>ein paar, einige</i>	A few days in bed should make you better.
	medicine	<i>die Medizin, die Arznei, das Medikament</i>	Don't forget to take your medicine!
	symptom	<i>das Symptom, die Krankheitserscheinung</i>	If you feel any symptoms of the flu, please stay at home.
9	stuffed-up	<i>verstopft, voll</i>	Speaking with a stuffed-up nose can be hard.
	to sneeze	<i>niesen</i>	Please cover your mouth and nose when you sneeze.
	sore	<i>schmerzhaft, wund</i>	I've got a sore throat.
	to hurt	<i>schmerzen</i>	My head hurts!
	watery	<i>feucht, tränend</i>	My eyes are watery from watching too much TV.
	hardly	<i>kaum</i>	I can hardly see.
	to ache	<i>schmerzen</i>	My head aches all the time.
	dentist	<i>der/die Zahnarzt/-ärztin</i>	I see my dentist twice a year.
	to break (broke, broken)	<i>brechen</i>	Have you ever broken anything?
	as well	<i>auch</i>	My head hurts as well.
10	terrible	<i>furchtbar, schrecklich</i>	You broke your leg? That's terrible!
	noun	<i>das Nomen, das Hauptwort</i>	"Leg" is a noun.
11	to be going to do sth.	<i>etw. tun werden</i>	I'm going to see my brother soon.
	to hope	<i>hoffen</i>	I hope to see my sister as well.
	to get well	<i>gesund werden</i>	Get well soon!
LIU	right now	<i>im Augenblick</i>	Right now I'm doing my English homework.
	at the moment	<i>im Moment, momentan, zurzeit</i>	At the moment I'm writing sentences.
12	to study	<i>lernen, studieren</i>	We're studying words for body parts.
R	paragliding	<i>das Gleitschirmfliegen</i>	I think paragliding is dangerous.
	volcano	<i>der Vulkan</i>	Volcanos can be dangerous as well.
	crazy	<i>verrückt</i>	I've never done anything crazy in my life.
	to race down	<i>hinunterrasen</i>	Look! George is racing down the street.
	over	<i>mehr als; über; aus</i>	Her dog jumped over the wall.
	mountain	<i>der Berg</i>	I love being in the mountains.

	to climb on	<i>hinaufklettern</i>	But I never climb on them.
	while	<i>während</i>	We had some coffee while we were waiting.
	serious	<i>ernsthaft</i>	Talk to your parents or a teacher when you have a serious problem.
	to call	<i>nennen, rufen; anrufen</i>	Please call me back.
	a piece of ...	<i>ein Stück ...</i>	She drew a circle on a piece of paper.
	to balance	<i>balancieren</i>	I find it difficult to balance on one foot.
	to stretch sth.	<i>etw. aufspannen</i>	They stretched the slackline between two trees.
	peak	<i>der Gipfel</i>	The peak of the mountain is far away.
	to roll down	<i>hinunterrollen</i>	Rolling down a volcano is something I would not want to do.
	hill	<i>der Hügel</i>	A hill is not as high as a mountain.
	inside	<i>innerhalb</i>	Inside the box was a lot of money.
	giant	<i>gewaltig</i>	There's a giant tree in our garden.
	jump	<i>der Sprung</i>	The story takes a jump back in time.
	to jump	<i>springen</i>	How high can you jump?
	athlete	<i>der/die Sportler/in</i>	Athletes have to exercise every day.
18	category	<i>die Kategorie, die Gruppe, die Rubrik</i>	There are four categories.
20	presentation	<i>die Präsentation</i>	I was invited to the presentation.
	to present	<i>präsentieren, vorstellen</i>	They presented new computer software.
	introduction	<i>die Einführung, die Einleitung</i>	The introduction was very short.
	main	<i>Haupt-</i>	The main part was too long.
	conclusion	<i>der Abschluss, das Ergebnis, die Schlussfolgerung</i>	The conclusion was the most important part.
	to welcome	<i>begrüßen, empfangen</i>	We'd like to welcome the new members of our team.
	listener	<i>der/die Zuhörer/in</i>	The listeners wanted to know more about the new programme.
	much	<i>viel; sehr</i>	My father does not eat much fruit.
	description	<i>die Beschreibung</i>	The description was very good.
	to describe	<i>beschreiben</i>	Let me describe how this machine works for you.
	in conclusion	<i>schließlich, zum Schluss</i>	In conclusion, I'm sure you will like it a lot.
	founder	<i>der/die Gründer/in</i>	She is the founder of this club.
	bang	<i>der Knall</i>	There was a very loud bang.
	medal	<i>die Medaille</i>	I've been given a medal for winning the race.
	than	<i>als</i>	I'm older than you.
	change	<i>das Wechselgeld</i>	Here's your change.
	to change	<i>umtauschen, wechseln, (ver)ändern</i>	Some people never like to change anything.
	history	<i>die Geschichte</i>	I think history is a fascinating subject.

	amazing	<i>erstaunlich</i>	The last film I saw was amazing.
	incredible	<i>unglaublich</i>	The special effects were incredible.
	to keep sb. hooked	<i>jem. begeistern</i>	Make your story exciting to keep your listeners hooked.
	thin	<i>dünn</i>	I read this book in an hour. It's really thin.
	envelope	<i>der Briefumschlag, das Kuvert</i>	He put the money into an envelope and gave it to his son.
	just	<i>nur, eben; gerade</i>	I have just heard the good news!
Unit 4			
	then	<i>hier: damals</i>	There were no mobile phones back then.
1	discussion	<i>die Diskussion, die Besprechung</i>	There was a long discussion after the presentation.
	to discuss	<i>diskutieren, besprechen</i>	Look at the picture and discuss it with your partner.
2	experience	<i>die Erfahrung, das Erlebnis</i>	Going bungee jumping was an amazing experience.
	excited	<i>aufgeregt</i>	I am very excited about going to the concert this evening.
	to take pictures	<i>fotografieren</i>	I like to take pictures of birds and post them online.
	ever	<i>jemals</i>	Have you ever been to Canada?
4	to compare	<i>vergleichen</i>	Mobile phones are a lot more practical compared to the phones people had earlier.
5	to make a phonecall	<i>telefonieren</i>	Can I use your phone, please? I just need to make a quick phonecall.
	to look for information	<i>nach Informationen suchen, nachschlagen</i>	It's easiest to look for information online.
	to take photos	<i>fotografieren</i>	Most people today take photos with their smartphones.
	analogue camera	<i>analoger Fotoapparat</i>	Some people still take photos with an analogue camera.
	to communicate	<i>kommunizieren</i>	One hundred years ago it was much harder to communicate.
	fax machine	<i>das Faxgerät</i>	Fax machines are not as important today as they were 30 years ago.
6	to invent	<i>erfinden</i>	Who invented the telephone?
	to look like sth.	<i>wie etw. aussehen</i>	The first mobile phone looked like a shoebox.
	heavy	<i>schwer, dickleibig</i>	The first mobile phone was very heavy.
	gram (g)/kilogram (kg)	<i>das Gramm/Kilogramm</i>	The first mobile phone weighed 1,200 grams, which is more than a kilogram.
8	order	<i>die Reihenfolge</i>	Can you put the sentences in the right order?
	public relations department	<i>die Werbeabteilung</i>	At the public relations department, people talk to customers that visit a company.
	visitor	<i>der/die Besucher/in</i>	Over ten million visitors came to New York last year.
	can	<i>die Dose</i>	Sorry, I forgot to buy the can of cola you wanted.
LIU	a year ago	<i>vor einem Jahr</i>	I finished school a year ago.

R	trainers (pl.)	<i>die Sportschuhe, die Turnschuhe</i>	I have been on the running team for some months now and now I need new trainers.
	plimsolls (pl.)	<i>die Turnschuhe, die Tennisschuhe</i>	Trainers used to be called plimsolls a long time ago.
	rubber	<i>der Gummi</i>	Balloons are often made of rubber.
	sole	<i>die Sohle</i>	The sole of a trainer is usually made of rubber.
	canvas top	<i>das Segeltuch-Oberteil</i>	Converse sneakers usually have a canvas top.
	simple	<i>einfach</i>	The design of the shoes was very simple.
	comfortable	<i>bequem</i>	My shoes are extremely comfortable.
	village	<i>das Dorf</i>	Arnold Schwarzenegger comes from a small village in Styria.
	cheap	<i>billig</i>	The concert tickets didn't cost much. They were very cheap.
	hi-tech	<i>technologisch fortgeschritten</i>	The equipment was very modern and hi-tech.
13	to underline	<i>unterstreichen</i>	Underline all the nouns in the paragraph.
16	strategy	<i>die Strategie</i>	A company needs a strategy to sell its products.
	connection	<i>die Verbindung, die Beziehung, der Zusammenhang</i>	There is no connection between them.
	to connect	<i>verbinden</i>	How are mobile phones and the company Apple connected?
	title	<i>der Titel</i>	What is the title of the book?
	What do they make you think of?	<i>Woran lassen sie dich denken?</i>	
	event	<i>das Ereignis</i>	The Danube Island Festival is a big event.
	to skip	<i>auslassen</i>	You can skip this exercise. You don't have to do it.
	chart	<i>die Tabelle</i>	In can see the numbers in the chart.
	to make friends	<i>Freundschaften schließen</i>	I hope to make new friends at my new school.
	typical	<i>typisch</i>	It is typical of teenagers to be on their phones all the time.
	lake	<i>der See</i>	We are going to the lake to go swimming this weekend.
Unit 5			
1	success	<i>der Erfolg</i>	Not everybody thinks that success is important.
	successful	<i>erfolgreich</i>	In the future I will be successful.
	task	<i>die Aufgabe, der Auftrag</i>	This task was very easy.
	former	<i>frühere/-r/-s, ehemalige/-r/-s</i>	Charlie is my former classmate.
	the same goes for ...	<i>das Gleiche gilt für ...</i>	The same goes for you.
	to be proud of sth.	<i>stolz sein auf etw.</i>	I am proud of who I am.
	to decide	<i>(sich) entscheiden</i>	I have decided to start an apprenticeship.
	to reach	<i>erreichen</i>	Using a to-do list can help you reach your goals.
	goal	<i>das Ziel, das Tor</i>	My goal is to have my own business one day.

	to be afraid	<i>Angst haben, sich fürchten</i>	I am not afraid of the future.
	to set goals	<i>Ziele setzen</i>	You should set goals for your future.
2	living	<i>die Lebensweise</i>	Living in a house with a garden would be nice.
	own	<i>eigene/-r/-s</i>	I wish I had a room of my own.
4	high school	<i>die AHS-Oberstufe, die BMHS</i>	I finished high school last year.
	to attend	<i>besuchen</i>	My brother attended an MS.
	married	<i>verheiratet</i>	Jeff Bezos is no longer married to MacKenzie Scott.
	to found	<i>gründen</i>	I founded my company ten years ago.
6	investor	<i>der/die Investor/in; jem. der/die investiert</i>	They need an investor for their new start-up.
	adopted	<i>adoptiert</i>	My sister is adopted.
7	during	<i>während</i>	During the maths lesson I got very bored.
	to set up (set up, set up)	<i>einführen, einrichten</i>	Jeff Bezos set up a business on his own.
	summer camp	<i>das Sommerlager</i>	When I was a child I always spent my summer holidays in a summer camp.
	grade	<i>hier: Schulstufe</i>	Billy is in the ninth grade.
	course	<i>der Kurs</i>	My friend is in the same English course as the president's son.
	science	<i>die Naturwissenschaft</i>	I have always been interested in science.
	to last	<i>dauern</i>	The lesson lasts 50 minutes.
	adult	<i>der/die Erwachsene</i>	You are an adult at the age of 18.
LIU	up to now	<i>bis jetzt</i>	The football club won the championship from 2020 up to now.
9	prize	<i>der Preis, die Auszeichnung</i>	My sister won first prize for her singing.
	business	<i>das Geschäft</i>	If you work hard you can set up a business on your own.
LIU	for two years	<i>zwei Jahre lang, seit zwei Jahren</i>	He has been the star of the show for two years.
	since 2012	<i>seit 2012</i>	We have lived in this house since 2012.
11	before	<i>früher, vorher, zuvor</i>	Before I went to school, I was in kindergarten.
	cup	<i>die Tasse</i>	I love to drink a cup of coffee in the morning.
R	pub	<i>das Lokal, die Kneipe, das Pub</i>	People in England like to visit a pub after work.
	brilliant	<i>genial, glänzend</i>	He is a brilliant student.
	unsuccessful	<i>erfolglos</i>	Many famous people were unsuccessful pupils.
	to train sb.	<i>jem. ausbilden</i>	I trained my sister when she started to play tennis.
	the Netherlands	<i>die Niederlande</i>	My aunt lives in the Netherlands.
	to marry	<i>heiraten</i>	Two weeks ago my brother married his girlfriend.
12	at the top	<i>oben</i>	She is now at the top of her career.
13	homeless	<i>obdachlos</i>	A lot of organisations help homeless people, especially in winter.
15	proud	<i>stolz</i>	I am very proud that I won the race.

	anxious	<i>ängstlich</i>	I feel very anxious in the dark.
	accent	<i>der Akzent</i>	Arnold Schwarzenegger still has an Austrian accent.
	profession	<i>der Beruf</i>	There are some professions in which you need to speak English.
16	to put sb. through	<i>jem. verbinden</i>	Could you put me through to Mr Smith?
17	conversation	<i>das Gespräch, die Unterhaltung</i>	They are having a nice conversation.
	to pass on	<i>weitergeben</i>	Could you pass this on to the teacher for me?
	to receive	<i>erhalten</i>	Yes, I received your email yesterday.
	to respond	<i>antworten</i>	I asked her her name, but she didn't respond.
	to wonder	<i>sich wundern</i>	I wonder how the film will end.
Unit 6			
	future	<i>die Zukunft</i>	Many young people don't have plans for their future.
	employee	<i>der/die Angestellte, der/die Mitarbeiter/in</i>	The company has got about twenty employees.
	pay	<i>die Bezahlung, das Gehalt</i>	I want to find an interesting job with good pay.
	to apply	<i>sich bewerben</i>	He is sure he is going to apply for the job.
	in writing	<i>schriftlich</i>	It is necessary to apply in writing.
	taste	<i>der Geschmack</i>	A hairdresser should have good taste.
	a must	<i>ein Muss</i>	Excellent manners are a must in many jobs.
	dynamic	<i>dynamisch</i>	Do you like working in a dynamic team?
	working hours (pl.)	<i>die Arbeitsstunden, die Arbeitszeit</i>	The working hours are from Monday to Friday, 9 a.m. to 6 p.m.
	atmosphere	<i>die Atmosphäre, die Stimmung</i>	They have got a friendly atmosphere in the workshop.
	busy	<i>betriebsam, beschäftigt</i>	Elena has got a lot of things to do, she is really busy.
	hard-working	<i>fleißig</i>	The restaurant is looking for a hard-working apprentice cook.
	to be willing to do sth.	<i>bereit sein etw. zu tun</i>	You must be willing to work evenings and weekends.
	via	<i>mittels, via</i>	Send us your CV via email.
	word processing	<i>die Textverarbeitung</i>	An office worker must be experienced in word processing.
	basic knowledge	<i>die Grundkenntnisse, das Basiswissen</i>	You should have a basic knowledge of English as a waiter.
	required	<i>erforderlich, notwendig</i>	Experience in office software is required in this job.
1	through	<i>durch</i>	Don't read the text word by word, just scan through it.
	advert(isement), ad	<i>die Anzeige</i>	He looks through the job adverts every day.
2	statement	<i>die Aussage</i>	Read the text, then tick the correct statements.
	across	<i>hier: quer durch</i>	There are 250 hotels in 54 countries across five continents.
	leader	<i>der/die Führer/in</i>	Who is the group leader?

	leading	<i>führend</i>	Carson hotels is one of the world's leading companies in tourism.
	hotel chain	<i>die Hotelkette</i>	The hotel chain is a young and dynamic company.
	worldwide	<i>weltweit</i>	Carson Hotels has more than 36,000 employees worldwide.
	headquarters (pl.)	<i>der Hauptsitz</i>	The company's headquarters are in London.
	to expand to ...	<i>nach ... expandieren, sich ausdehnen nach</i>	Carson Hotels is expanding to other European countries.
	reliable	<i>verlässlich, vertrauenswürdig, zuverlässig</i>	The hotel is looking for reliable people for its new hotel projects.
	to join	<i>beitreten, anschließen</i>	She wanted to become a member and joined their team.
	copy	<i>die Kopie</i>	She showed her German teacher a copy of her CV.
	school report	<i>das Zeugnis</i>	A copy of your last school report is required.
	application form	<i>das Bewerbungsformular</i>	Fill in the application form at our website.
	to look forward to sth.	<i>sich auf etw. freuen</i>	We look forward to meeting you soon.
3	job interview	<i>das Bewerbungsgespräch</i>	She is nervous, she is going to have a job interview tomorrow.
4	technical understanding	<i>technisches Verständnis</i>	An electronic engineer should have technical understanding.
7	a bit	<i>ein bisschen</i>	The English lesson was a bit boring at the beginning.
	scary	<i>angsteinflößend, ängstlich</i>	The big company was a bit scary first.
	punctual	<i>pünktlich</i>	It's necessary to be punctual every day.
LIU	to suppose	<i>annehmen, vermuten</i>	I suppose Jack will like his new job.
	to fear	<i>befürchten</i>	I fear I will not be successful in the English test.
	to promise	<i>versprechen</i>	I promise I will work hard for my next test.
	to be certain	<i>sicher sein</i>	My sister is certain that she is going to work as a shop assistant.
R	Dear Sir or Madam,	<i>Sehr geehrte Damen und Herren,</i>	
	with reference to	<i>in Bezug auf</i>	With reference to your advertisement on the internet on 25 December, I would like to apply for a job as an apprentice waitress.
	prevocational	<i>berufsvorbereitend</i>	At the moment I am doing my prevocational year.
	to specialise in sth.	<i>sich auf etw. spezialisieren</i>	I've chosen to specialise in tourism.
	to enclose	<i>anfügen, beifügen</i>	I enclose a copy of my last school report.
	further use	<i>die Weiterverwendung</i>	I send my application documents for your further use.
	at any time	<i>jederzeit</i>	I'm available for an interview at any time.
	Yours faithfully/Yours sincerely	<i>Hochachtungsvoll/Mit freundlichen Grüßen</i>	
11	possible	<i>möglich</i>	Use a computer if possible.
12	to keep short	<i>knapp halten</i>	Keep your letter short.

	signature	<i>die Unterschrift</i>	My dad's signature is not easy to read.
	to sign	<i>unterschreiben</i>	Don't forget to sign the letter.
	spelling error	<i>der Rechtschreibfehler</i>	Don't send a letter of application with spelling errors.
13	to unscramble	<i>entschlüsseln</i>	Unscramble the words and write them down.
14	employer	<i>der/die Arbeitgeber/in</i>	When you apply for a job, your future employer will ask you for a CV.
	headline	<i>die Überschrift</i>	Fill in the missing headlines from the box below.
	interests (pl.)	<i>die Interessen</i>	I have got a lot of different interests, for example sports, fashion and health.
	education	<i>die Schulbildung</i>	A good education is important for your future.
	date of birth	<i>das Geburtsdatum</i>	My dad always forgets his mum's date of birth.
	prevocational school	<i>die Polytechnische Schule (Berufsvorbereitende Schule)</i>	At the moment I'm attending prevocational school.
	secondary school	<i>die Mittelschule</i>	Education at a secondary school usually lasts four years.
	primary school	<i>die Volksschule</i>	He is ten, he's doing his last year at primary school.
	mother tongue	<i>die Muttersprache</i>	She is from England, so her mother tongue is English.
	sporting activity	<i>sportliche Betätigung</i>	I do a lot of different sporting activities like football, tennis and golf.
Commerce/Office			
	commerce	<i>der Handel</i>	Many young people apply for a job in commerce.
	applied informatics	<i>Angewandte Informatik</i>	In applied informatics you learn about computers and computer systems.
	business administration	<i>Betriebswirtschaftliche Grundlagen</i>	She thinks business administration is a boring subject.
	accounting and business mathematics	<i>Buchführung und Wirtschaftsrechnen</i>	You work a lot with computers in accounting and business mathematics.
	specialised knowledge	<i>die Fachkunde</i>	Specialised knowledge is one of the additional subjects at my school.
	specialised training	<i>die Fachpraxis</i>	I like the specialised training lessons where we get to do things and not only study them.
1	industrial	<i>Industrie-...</i>	You can find a lot of industrial companies in Austria.
	warehouse	<i>das Lager</i>	There are millions of goods in the warehouse.
	to distribute	<i>verteilen</i>	His job is to distribute goods in a warehouse.
	forwarding agency	<i>die Spedition</i>	Many truck drivers work for forwarding agencies.
	retail shop	<i>das Einzelhandelsgeschäft</i>	Retail shops offer a lot of different products.
	to keep the financial records	<i>die finanziellen Aufzeichnungen führen</i>	She keeps the financial records in a big forwarding agency.
	additional	<i>ergänzend, zusätzlich</i>	You have got some additional subjects at prevocational school.

	transport service	<i>die Verkehrsleistung</i>	A forwarding agent must organise transport services for companies.
	transport method	<i>die Transportmethode</i>	It's important to choose a cheap and safe transport method.
	rail	<i>die Bahn, die Eisenbahn</i>	Many goods are transported by rail.
	transport route	<i>der Verkehrsweg</i>	He has to choose and plan the best transport routes.
	to get to know	<i>kennenlernen</i>	You get to know a lot of interesting people in this job.
	to deal with	<i>bewältigen, behandeln</i>	You have to deal with stress in many jobs.
2	filing cabinet	<i>der Aktenschrank</i>	The filing cabinet is under the desk.
	radiator	<i>der Heizkörper</i>	All the radiators at school are white.
	waste bin	<i>der Abfalleimer</i>	Could you please put it in the waste bin?
	shelf (pl.: shelves)	<i>das Regal</i>	There are thousands of books on the shelves.
3	to spell	<i>buchstabieren</i>	Could you spell your name for me?
	to hold the line	<i>am Apparat bleiben</i>	Hold the line, please.
	I'll put you through.	<i>Ich verbinde.</i>	
Tourism			
	applied foreign language communication	<i>Berufsbezogene, fremdsprachliche Kommunikation</i>	In applied foreign language communication you concentrate on listening and speaking.
1	hostel	<i>die Jugendherberge</i>	The pupils spent a week at a hostel in England.
	boarding school	<i>das Internat</i>	A company service assistant manages everything in a hostel or boarding school.
	self-service	<i>die Selbstbedienung</i>	She had lunch at a self-service restaurant.
	back office	<i>das Backoffice, innerer Arbeitsbereich eines Unternehmens</i>	She wants to work in the back office of a big company.
	reception desk	<i>die Rezeption, der Empfangsschalter</i>	The manager usually welcomes the guests at the reception desk.
	semi-finished	<i>halbfertig</i>	In a supermarket you can find more and more semi-finished products.
	to take an order	<i>eine Bestellung aufnehmen</i>	The waitress showed them their table and took the orders.
	to hand out	<i>ausgeben, aushändigen</i>	A system catering specialist must hand out and serve food and drinks.
	to collect payments	<i>(ab)kassieren</i>	She has got a talent for maths, so it's easy for her to collect payments.
	under pressure	<i>unter Druck</i>	You have to work under pressure in many jobs.
R	fries	<i>die Pommes frites</i>	Fast food-restaurants often sell hamburgers, fries and milkshakes.

Health, beauty and social professions			
	creative design	<i>Kreatives Gestalten</i>	If you want to be creative and design things, creative design will be your favourite subject at school this year.
1	to look after sth.	<i>sich um etw. kümmern</i>	A pedicurist looks after people's feet.
	skin	<i>die Haut</i>	A beautician helps people with their skin problems.
	exercise machine	<i>das Trainingsgerät</i>	A fitness instructor must service the exercise machines.
R	to keep fit	<i>fit bleiben</i>	It's important for me to keep fit.
	local	<i>örtlich, einheimisch</i>	I'm in the local judo club and practise twice a week.
	to get rid of sth.	<i>etw. loswerden</i>	My friend often goes to the fitness club to get rid of his back pains.
	pain	<i>der Schmerz</i>	I have to see a doctor because I've got a pain in my knee .
	to lose weight	<i>Gewicht verlieren, abnehmen</i>	Many people go to the fitness club to lose weight.
	injury	<i>die Verletzung</i>	Mum felt bad today because of her injury.
	eating habit	<i>die Essgewohnheit</i>	They talked about her eating habits for about an hour.
	mobility	<i>die Beweglichkeit</i>	The fitness instructor tested her mobility at the beginning.
	strength	<i>die Kraft</i>	Then she checked the customer's strength.
	lifestyle	<i>der Lebensstil</i>	A healthy lifestyle keeps you fit.
	to keep an eye on	<i>im Auge behalten</i>	It's sometimes difficult to keep an eye on a lot of people at the same time.
	vocational school	<i>die Berufsschule</i>	One day a week, she goes to vocational school where she learns about anatomy, nutrition, exercise machines and first aid.
	anatomy	<i>die Anatomie, die Lehre vom menschlichen Körper</i>	There she learns about anatomy, nutrition and exercise machines.
	first aid	<i>Erste Hilfe</i>	First aid is also a subject at vocational school.
Woodwork			
	scientific basics and practice	<i>Naturwissenschaftliche Grundlagen und Übungen</i>	In scientific basics and practice you learn about physics and chemistry.
1	stairs (pl.)	<i>die Stiege</i>	A carpenter builds wooden houses and stairs.
	roof framework	<i>der Dachstuhl</i>	The roof framework must be repaired after the storm.
	vehicle	<i>das Fahrzeug</i>	A wainwright produces wooden vehicles and tools.
	furniture	<i>die Möbel</i>	Furniture is often made of wood.
	barrel	<i>das Fass</i>	A cooper produces and repairs wooden barrels.
	lathe	<i>die Drehbank</i>	A wood turner uses a lathe to create toys, souvenirs and furniture.
	to be afraid of heights	<i>Höhenangst haben</i>	A carpenter should not be afraid of heights because he has to climb roofs.

	possibility	<i>die Möglichkeit</i>	You have the possibility to set up a business of your own.
	abroad	<i>im Ausland</i>	After her apprenticeship she wants to work abroad.
2	colleague	<i>der/die Kollege/Kollegin, der/die Mitarbeiter/in</i>	I am part of a team, but sometimes I don't see my colleagues all day.
	almost	<i>fast, beinahe</i>	Workers with these skills are wanted almost everywhere in the world.
3	cube	<i>der Würfel</i>	She cut the cheese into small cubes.
	figure	<i>(geometrischer) Körper</i>	How many cubes do the figures have?
4	gap	<i>die Lücke</i>	Which part closes the gap?
Construction			
1	to lay (laid, laid)	<i>legen, setzen</i>	She laid the baby on the sofa.
	floor	<i>der Fußboden; das Stockwerk</i>	Be careful – I've just cleaned the floor!
	covering	<i>der Belag</i>	A floor layer lays floor coverings.
	plate	<i>die Platte</i>	A plate and tile setter lays plates made of ceramic and stone.
	tile	<i>die Fliese</i>	He used large tiles for the floor.
	chimney	<i>der Kamin</i>	He climbed the house to repair the chimney.
	brush	<i>der Besen, die Bürste</i>	He bought new brushes to clean the plates.
	paint	<i>der Anstrich, die Farbe</i>	We'll need five cans of paint for your room.
	to paint	<i>(an)malen, streichen</i>	A painter and coating engineer paints and decorates walls.
	pavement	<i>der Gehsteig, das Pflaster</i>	A paver lays stones and builds streets and pavements.
	to take off	<i>hier: abnehmen</i>	He took off the old tiles and laid new ones.
	wallpaper	<i>die Tapete</i>	She doesn't like the wallpaper in the living room.
	to hang	<i>hier: aufhängen</i>	We could hang the picture next to the window.
	surface	<i>die Oberfläche</i>	The workers had to prepare the surface before laying the tiles.
	to restore	<i>restaurieren</i>	It takes a long time to restore old paint.
2	button	<i>der Knopf</i>	Match the buttons and the web pages below.
	career	<i>die Karriere, der Beruf</i>	The girl hopes for a career as a paver.
	ladder	<i>die Leiter</i>	The firefighter used a ladder to climb the house.
	basket	<i>der Korb</i>	There are four articles in your basket.
	e-commerce	<i>elektronischer Handel, der E-Commerce</i>	The business of selling and buying goods on the internet is called e-commerce.
Metalwork			
	modularised apprenticeship	<i>der Modullehrberuf</i>	Modularised apprenticeships offer good chances of promotion.

	to add	<i>hinzufügen</i>	If you add four to three you get seven.
	may	<i>dürfen, können, mögen</i>	The test next Wednesday may be difficult.
	optional	<i>freiwillig, optional</i>	You can do an optional special module.
	whole	<i>ganze/-r/-s</i>	She spent the whole afternoon doing her homework.
	sth. takes + expression of time	<i>etw. dauert + Zeitangabe</i>	The apprenticeship takes four years.
1	to develop	<i>entwickeln</i>	A technical designer develops ideas and plans for technical products.
	pipe	<i>das Rohr</i>	A plumber installs and repairs pipes.
	tap	<i>der Wasserhahn</i>	My dad bought a new tap for the bathroom.
	to remove	<i>entfernen</i>	He removed the old tiles and laid new ones.
	roof	<i>das Dach</i>	A roofer repairs old roofs and installs new ones.
	silver	<i>das Silber</i>	A goldsmith makes rings out of gold and silver.
	sheet metal	<i>das Blech</i>	The company produces many different goods out of sheet metal.
2	to assemble	<i>zusammenbauen</i>	It took him hours to assemble the motorbike again.
Electricity			
1	lighting	<i>die Beleuchtung</i>	An event technologist looks after lighting, sound and multimedia technology of events.
	to combine	<i>kombinieren, verbinden</i>	In their holidays they combined sightseeing and shopping.
	electrical engineering	<i>die Elektrotechnik</i>	A mechatronics engineer should be good at electrical engineering.
	mechanical engineering	<i>der Maschinenbau</i>	You should have basic skills in mechanical engineering.
	electronic	<i>elektronisch</i>	An electronic engineer develops, creates and installs electronic devices.
	device	<i>das Gerät, der Apparat</i>	A laptop is an electronic device.
	to rewire	<i>verkabeln</i>	An electrical engineer must rewire houses and other buildings.
	fixed	<i>fix, fest</i>	Bella wants to have a job with fixed working hours.
	accurate	<i>genau, exakt</i>	You have to be very accurate in this job.
2	aptitude test	<i>der Eignungstest</i>	The aptitude test was not very difficult.
	electric circuit	<i>der Stromkreis</i>	The electric circuit was closed.
3	toolbox	<i>die Werkzeugkiste</i>	An electrical engineer has got a lot of tools in his toolbox.
	screwdriver	<i>der Schraubenzieher</i>	He used a screwdriver to repair the device.
	measuring tape	<i>das Maßband</i>	She can't do her work without a measuring tape.
	combination pliers	<i>die Kombizange</i>	My dad couldn't find his combination pliers in his workshop.
	spirit level	<i>die Wasserwaage</i>	He forgot his spirit level at the construction site.

	voltage tester	<i>der Spannungsprüfer</i>	An electrical engineer has got a voltage tester in his toolbox.
	side cutters	<i>der Seitenschneider</i>	He cut a finger with the side cutters.
	chisel	<i>der Handmeißel</i>	A chisel is made of steel.
	soldering iron	<i>der Lötkolben</i>	She combined the two pieces with the help of a soldering iron.
Unit 7			
	media	<i>die Medien</i>	Newspapers, magazines, and the radio are all types of media.
1	to imagine sth.	<i>sich etw. vorstellen</i>	Can you imagine what it is like to be a star footballer?
	could	<i>könnte/-st/-n/-t</i>	Could you help me with this, please?
2	virtual reality (VR) glasses (pl.)	<i>die Virtual Reality (VR) Brille</i>	Virtual reality glasses used to be very expensive, but now some of them are cheap.
3	survey	<i>die Umfrage</i>	Could you please fill out this survey?
	to agree/disagree	<i>zustimmen/nicht zustimmen</i>	I agree that teenagers should be able to drive at the age of sixteen. Sorry, I disagree with you. I think that's too dangerous.
	to let sb. do sth.	<i>jem. etw. tun lassen</i>	You can let Laura set up the computer.
	alone	<i>allein</i>	My parents left us alone on the weekend while they went on a trip.
	to rely on sth.	<i>sich auf etw. verlassen</i>	I rely on the robot to clean the pool.
4	each	<i>jede/-r/-s</i>	Each of their children were special to Mary and Tom.
	file	<i>die Datei</i>	There are a lot of files on my computer.
	crash	<i>der Absturz</i>	My computer keeps crashing because it is old.
5	to keep in touch with sb.	<i>mit jem. in Kontakt bleiben</i>	I keep in touch with my friends on social media.
	regularly	<i>regelmäßig</i>	I regularly meet my friends after school.
6	programming	<i>das Programmieren</i>	I think I have a talent for programming.
	to program	<i>programmieren</i>	A software developer programs computer systems.
	to sign onto sth.	<i>sich für etw. anmelden</i>	You must sign onto Instagram before interacting with people.
	at the beginning	<i>am Anfang</i>	At the beginning, you could not send images with your mobile phone.
7	sheet	<i>das Blatt</i>	Could you fill out the sheet I gave you by tomorrow?
	within	<i>innerhalb, binnen</i>	Please do your assignment within a week.
	half	<i>die Hälfte</i>	Could you please make me a pizza with half cheese and half salami?
	university	<i>die Universität</i>	I want to go to university to study medicine.

	popular	<i>beliebt</i>	The game is very popular among young people. They love to play it.
	advertising	<i>die Werbung</i>	I saw advertising for this product on Instagram.
8	past	<i>die Vergangenheit; vergangen</i>	In the past, there were no mobile phones to call your friends.
	including	<i>inklusive, einschließlich</i>	Mark Zuckerberg makes a lot of money off Facebook, not including what he makes from Instagram.
	issue	<i>das Thema; die Ausgabe</i>	In today's issue of the newspaper there is an interesting article on different virtual reality glasses.
	privacy	<i>die Privatsphäre</i>	How do you feel about privacy on the internet?
	bullying	<i>das Mobbing</i>	Sad to say bullying on the internet happens very often.
	to delete	<i>löschen</i>	I deleted the email right after I sent it so no one could read it.
	account	<i>das Konto</i>	I have two different Instagram accounts.
	safety	<i>die Sicherheit</i>	I am worried about my kid's safety on the internet.
	therefore	<i>deshalb, daher</i>	I do not eat meat, therefore I don't like to go to Burger King.
	should	<i>sollte/-st/-n/-t</i>	Should we bring our rain jacket to training tonight?
	to follow	<i>folgen, befolgen, berücksichtigen</i>	I follow famous people on Instagram.
	to share	<i>teilen</i>	I like to share my pictures with my friends on social media.
	setting	<i>die Einstellung</i>	How can I change the colour setting on my computer?
	to set	<i>einstellen</i>	I have to get up early tomorrow so I've set my clock to 6:00.
	silly	<i>dumm</i>	The boys were being silly in class, so they must stay after school.
	real	<i>wirklich, real</i>	This website is really cool.
9	to make a post	<i>einen Kommentar abgeben</i>	I just made a post about my brother's team winning the football match.
LIU	mixed	<i>gemischt, vermischt</i>	This exercise uses different tenses. It is a mixed tense exercise.
	tense	<i>die Zeit, die Zeitform</i>	In this lesson we'll repeat the tenses.
	definitely	<i>sicherlich, bestimmt</i>	This is definitely the best pizza I have ever eaten.
13	to sleep over at a friend's house	<i>bei einem Freund/einer Freundin übernachten</i>	I asked my parents if I could sleep over at my friend's house, but they said no.
14	one day	<i>eines Tages</i>	One day, when I get older, I will be president.
	tonight	<i>heute Abend, heute Nacht</i>	I am going to the movies tonight.
	some time	<i>irgendwann</i>	I will go to Japan some time.
15	to take place	<i>stattfinden</i>	The concert will take place at the football stadium.
16	citizen	<i>der/die Bürger/in</i>	I am a citizen of Austria.
	danger	<i>die Gefahr</i>	The danger is over, you can come out now!

	This doesn't worry me.	<i>Das beunruhigt mich nicht.</i>	
	to check	<i>überprüfen</i>	If you don't understand a word, check it in your dictionary.
	to believe	<i>glauben</i>	I believe this is correct.
	to treat	<i>behandeln</i>	Always treat others politely.
	consequence	<i>die Konsequenz, die Folge</i>	I'm afraid I didn't think about the consequences.
	to care about	<i>kümmern um</i>	My sister doesn't care about what people think, but I do.
	law	<i>das Gesetz</i>	It's against the law to bully someone on the internet.
	to download	<i>herunterladen</i>	Downloading big files can take a long time.
	illegal	<i>illegal, ungesetzlich</i>	Be careful and don't download music files illegally!
	anyway	<i>ohnehin</i>	You are wrong if you think there are no real consequences anyway.
	Congratulations!	<i>Gratulation!</i>	Congratulations! You have won the first prize.
	sensible	<i>vernünftig</i>	Always be sensible when sharing your data online!
	Well done!	<i>Gut gemacht!</i>	Well done! There is just one mistake in your test!
	You are aware that ...	<i>Es ist dir bewusst, dass ...</i>	You are aware that you should be careful with uploading photographs on social media?
	to protect	<i>beschützen</i>	Always protect your privacy on social media!
17	report	<i>der Bericht</i>	Please remember that I need your report tomorrow!
	to report	<i>berichten</i>	Sandra reported live on the accident.
	to conduct	<i>durchführen</i>	I read some interesting results about this research conducted by the Pew Research Centre.
	research	<i>die Recherche, die Suche</i>	The results of the professor's research were really interesting.
	to research	<i>untersuchen</i>	Before going out to eat, she researched restaurants close to her home.
	to belong to sth.	<i>zu etw. gehören</i>	I think this book you found belongs to my sister.
	to claim	<i>behaupten</i>	She claims it is her book.
	difference	<i>der Unterschied</i>	Do you know the difference between right and wrong?
	to manage	<i>hier: handhaben, verwalten</i>	If you don't know how to manage your privacy settings on social media I can help you!
	to be more likely to do sth.	<i>etw. eher tun</i>	My sister is more likely to get up early than me.
	to regret	<i>bedauern</i>	I regret that I forgot your birthday.
18	(cyber)bully	<i>der/die Tyrann/in (in sozialen Medien)</i>	Police finally caught the cyberbully last night.
	to (cyber)bully	<i>(in sozialen Medien) tyrannisieren, schikanieren</i>	They finally found out who had been cyberbullying the whole class.
	to save	<i>sichern, sparen, retten</i>	Don't forget to save your work.
	to block	<i>blockieren, abblocken</i>	I blocked my ex-boyfriend on Facebook.
	to reply	<i>antworten</i>	He did not reply to my email.

	to ignore	<i>ignorieren</i>	My friend is mad at me. She ignored me all day today.
	to turn into sb./sth.	<i>(sich) in jem./etw. verwandeln</i>	Peter Parker turns into Spiderman.
	acronym	<i>die Abkürzung, das Kürzel</i>	FBI is an acronym for Federal Bureau of Investigation.
	funny	<i>witzig, lustig</i>	That joke was not very funny.
IN	to search	<i>suchen</i>	I searched on Google but couldn't find him anywhere.
	key	<i>der Schlüssel</i>	Hard work is the key to success.
	quotation mark	<i>das Anführungszeichen</i>	If you take material from another book in your text, you must use quotation marks.
	right next to each other	<i>genau nebeneinander</i>	They sat right next to each other at the movie.
	to update	<i>aktualisieren</i>	My computer must do an update.
	useful	<i>nützlich</i>	This is very good to have. It's very useful.
	government	<i>die Regierung</i>	Jennifer's dad works for the government.
	scientific	<i>wissenschaftlich</i>	It's a scientific fact that dinosaurs once lived on Earth.
	similar (to)	<i>ähnlich (wie)</i>	Bob and Paul are twins. They look very similar.
	to be out of date	<i>nicht mehr aktuell sein</i>	That music is really out of date. My parents listened to this when they were young.
19	Formula 1 championship	<i>die Formel 1-Weltmeisterschaft</i>	Louis Hamilton and Michael Schumacher have won the most Formula 1 championships up to now.
	female	<i>weiblich</i>	She is a woman. She is a female.
	capital	<i>die Hauptstadt</i>	Vienna is the capital of Austria.
	Brazil	<i>Brasilien</i>	Neymar Jr. is from Brazil.
	World Cup	<i>die Weltmeisterschaft</i>	Austria has never won the World Cup in football.
	governor	<i>der Landeshauptmann</i>	Arnold Schwarzenegger was governor of the State of California.
Unit 8			
1	as ... as	<i>so ... wie</i>	Paul tried to remember as many words as possible.
	entrance	<i>der Eingang</i>	They met at the entrance of the shopping centre.
	jeweller	<i>der/die Juwelier/in</i>	She bought an expensive ring at the jeweller's.
	stationer's (shop)	<i>das Schreibwarengeschäft</i>	The stationer's offers many things you need for school.
	toy shop	<i>das Spielwarengeschäft</i>	The toy shop sells model cars and teddy bears.
	newsagent	<i>das Zeitungsgeschäft</i>	In the morning he always reads the newspaper at the newsagent.
	chemist's (shop)	<i>die Drogerie</i>	She was ill, so she decided to ask for some medicine at the chemist's.
	sweet shop	<i>das Süßwarengeschäft</i>	The sweet shop is well-known for its chocolate.
	bakery	<i>die Bäckerei</i>	The bakery usually opens at 6 o'clock in the morning.
	butcher's (shop)	<i>die Fleisch(hau)erei</i>	The butcher's is next to the sports shop.

	greengrocer's (shop)	<i>der/die Gemüsehändler/in</i>	The greengrocer's offers fresh apples, bananas and potatoes.
	fishmonger's (shop)	<i>der/die Fischhändler/in</i>	She often buys fresh fish at the fishmonger's.
3	newspaper	<i>die Zeitung</i>	On Saturdays Simon always looks through the job adverts in the newspaper.
	drums (pl.)	<i>das Schlagzeug</i>	Sarah plays the drums in a band.
	shirt	<i>das Hemd</i>	He wore a white shirt for the job interview.
	jacket	<i>die Jacke</i>	She bought a new jacket at the boutique.
	meat	<i>das Fleisch</i>	My sister doesn't like meat very much.
	sausage	<i>das Würstchen</i>	Salami is an Italian sausage.
	toothpaste	<i>die Zahnpasta</i>	She put the toothpaste into her basket.
	fresh	<i>frisch</i>	On Fridays Mum always prepares fresh fish for dinner.
	watch	<i>die Armbanduhr</i>	My new watch was very expensive.
4	blouse	<i>die Bluse</i>	She decided to wear a blouse for the party.
	skirt	<i>der Rock</i>	Her favourite clothes are her blue skirt and her black jacket.
	suit	<i>der Anzug</i>	A bank clerk has to wear a suit at work.
	tie	<i>die Krawatte</i>	My dad usually wears a tie with his suit.
	coat	<i>der Mantel</i>	It's raining, please give me my coat.
	belt	<i>der Gürtel</i>	The boutique only offers black and brown belts.
6	size	<i>die Größe</i>	What size do you need?
	boots (pl.)	<i>die Stiefel</i>	The children's boots are often dirty.
7	to try on	<i>anprobieren</i>	The shop assistant suggested trying on the jeans.
	fitting room	<i>die Umkleidekabine</i>	Julia wanted to know where the fitting room is.
	to keep	<i>behalten, für sich behalten</i>	Bianca told the shop assistant to keep the change.
	The sweaters only come in brown.	<i>Es gibt die Pullover nur in Braun.</i>	
	sold out	<i>ausverkauft</i>	The black shirts are sold out at the moment.
	to fit	<i>passen</i>	My girlfriend bought me this T-shirt yesterday, but it doesn't fit.
8	Anything else?	<i>Sonst noch etwas?</i>	
	That'll be ...	<i>Das macht ...</i>	That'll be £15.30.
	What size are you?	<i>Welche Größe haben Sie?</i>	
9	certainly	<i>sicherlich</i>	Ask your teacher – he will certainly help you.
LIU	left	<i>übrig</i>	There aren't any blue jackets left.
	scissors (pl.)	<i>die Schere</i>	The scissors are made of steel.
R	fact	<i>die Tatsache</i>	There are some facts you should think of when buying a pair of jeans.
	cotton	<i>die Baumwolle</i>	Jeans are usually made of cotton.
	plantation	<i>die Plantage</i>	Karim works at a big cotton plantation.

	to require	<i>erfordern, benötigen</i>	The cotton plantations require a lot of water.
	denim	<i>der Denim, der Jeansstoff</i>	The hard cotton is turned into soft denim.
	to dye	<i>färben</i>	She dyes her hair once a month.
	heavy metal	<i>das Schwermetall</i>	The workers dye cotton with strong chemicals and heavy metals.
	caused by	<i>verursacht von</i>	Every year some people die in factory fires caused by chemicals.
	poor	<i>arm</i>	She works as a doctor in Africa to help poor people.
	mostly	<i>hauptsächlich</i>	Mostly women and children make jeans.
	working conditions	<i>die Arbeitsbedingungen</i>	The working conditions in the companies are very bad.
	to care about sb./sth.	<i>sich um jem./etw. kümmern</i>	Many fashion companies don't care about the workers' health and safety.
	to produce	<i>produzieren, erzeugen, herstellen</i>	Most jeans are produced in Asia, South America and Africa.
	to grow	<i>wachsen</i>	Cotton only grows in hot countries.
	ship	<i>das Schiff</i>	The goods are transported to the shops in Europe by ship or by plane.
	environment	<i>die Umwelt</i>	Many young people really care about the environment.
	costs (pl.)	<i>die Kosten</i>	The material and transport costs are low in those countries.
	to look out for sth.	<i>auf etw. achten</i>	Look out for these signs when buying your jeans.
	sign	<i>das Zeichen, das Symbol</i>	This sign shows you that the company pays their workers more money.
12	instead of	<i>anstatt</i>	You should buy used jeans instead of new ones to protect the environment.
13	pocket money	<i>das Taschengeld</i>	I sometimes get some pocket money from my parents.
	weekly	<i>wöchentlich</i>	How much is your weekly budget?
	debit card	<i>die Bankomatkarte</i>	In Sweden you can only pay by debit card.
	to spend on	<i>ausgeben für</i>	I mostly spend my money on minutes for my mobile phone and clothes.
15	item	<i>der Artikel, der Gegenstand</i>	Then add the item to your shopping basket.
	to consist of	<i>bestehen aus</i>	My password consists of five letters and three numbers.
	step	<i>die Stufe, der Schritt</i>	Buying an item online consists of a few simple steps.
	to keep on	<i>weiter tun</i>	You can keep on shopping until all the items you want to order are in your basket.
	order	<i>die Bestellung</i>	The waiter forgot our orders.
	to order	<i>bestellen</i>	Can we order now, please?
	payment	<i>die Zahlung</i>	He had to choose a payment method and enter his address.

	to place an order	<i>eine Bestellung abgeben</i>	If you are happy with it, place the order.
	order confirmation mail	<i>das Auftragsbestätigungsmail</i>	After placing your order you get an order confirmation mail.
	delivery	<i>die Lieferung, die Zustellung</i>	The delivery only took a few days.
	to include	<i>einbinden, einfügen</i>	Don't forget to include your phone number.
	checkout	<i>die Kasse</i>	When you are ready to place the order, go to the checkout.
	to sign in	<i>sich eintragen, sich anmelden</i>	Create an account by signing in with your email address and a password.
16	credit card	<i>die Kreditkarte</i>	Lawrence uses his credit card to pay for the item.
	payment service	<i>der Zahlungsdienst</i>	The safest way to pay is by using an online payment service.
	security	<i>die Sicherheit, der Schutz</i>	Internet security is very important when shopping online.
	secure	<i>sicher</i>	You should only order goods from websites that are secure.
	policy	<i>die Politik, der Grundsatz, die Richtlinie</i>	It's important to check the website's policies before buying anything.
17	foreign	<i>fremd, ausländisch</i>	Foreign items can be paid in euros.
18	rarely	<i>selten, kaum</i>	I rarely buy books online, I enjoy going to the bookshop.
Unit 9			
1	kind	<i>die Sorte, die Art</i>	What kinds of food do you like?
2	oil	<i>das Öl</i>	You cannot mix oil with water.
	cereal	<i>das Getreide, die Zerealie, das Müsli</i>	Nobody in my family likes cereal for breakfast,
	rice	<i>der Reis</i>	Rice is an important food for many people all over the world.
	vegetable	<i>das Gemüse</i>	My grandma often makes vegetable soup for dinner.
	fruit	<i>das Obst</i>	I'm not very hungry in the morning, I only have some fruit for breakfast.
	fat	<i>das Fett</i>	The cook used very little fat to prepare the meal.
3	calf	<i>das Kalb</i>	A calf usually eats grass.
	pig	<i>das Schwein</i>	Pigs have got pink, white or black skin.
	lamb	<i>das Lamm</i>	The farmer sold his lambs to the butcher.
	hen	<i>das Huhn</i>	Every day our hen lays one egg.
	cow	<i>die Kuh</i>	Cows are heavier than pigs.
	deer	<i>der Hirsch, das Reh</i>	Deer are rare animals in Austria.
	beef	<i>das Rindfleisch</i>	A cow's meat is called beef.
	veal	<i>das Kalbfleisch</i>	Veal is usually as expensive as beef.
	venison	<i>das Wildbret</i>	This restaurant sometimes serves venison in autumn.
	pork	<i>das Schweinefleisch</i>	Pork is the Austrians' favourite meat.
	chicken	<i>das Hühnerfleisch</i>	The waiter suggested chicken with rice and vegetables.

	mutton	<i>das Schaffleisch</i>	A sheep's meat is called mutton.
4	apricot	<i>die Marille</i>	The Millers have got an apricot tree in their garden.
	pear	<i>die Birne</i>	The apples and pears were very sweet.
	peach	<i>der Pfirsich</i>	Apricots are smaller than peaches.
	cherry	<i>die Kirsche</i>	She put some cherries on the table.
	watermelon	<i>die Wassermelone</i>	They enjoyed a watermelon at the beach.
	pineapple	<i>die Ananas</i>	Michael doesn't like Pizza Hawaii, he hates pineapple.
	grapes	<i>die Weintrauben</i>	You can make wine out of grapes.
	black currants	<i>Schwarze Johannisbeeren</i>	She went into the garden to eat some black currants.
	strawberry	<i>die Erdbeere</i>	Paula had some strawberries for dessert.
	lemon	<i>die Zitrone</i>	Would you like some lemon in your tea?
	green beans	<i>die Fisolen</i>	I like green beans with bacon.
	pumpkin	<i>der Kürbis</i>	In autumn many restaurants offer meals with pumpkin.
	mushrooms	<i>die Pilze</i>	Mary was collecting mushrooms with her parents.
	onion	<i>der Zwiebel</i>	He put some onions into his shopping basket.
	pepper	<i>der Paprika; der Pfeffer</i>	My sister only eats red and yellow peppers, she doesn't like the green ones.
	cucumber	<i>die Gurke</i>	At school I often have a cheese and cucumber sandwich during the break.
	cabbage	<i>der Kohl</i>	We had beef and cabbage for lunch.
	tomato	<i>die Tomate, der Paradeiser</i>	Leonie loves pasta with tomato sauce.
	carrot	<i>die Karotte</i>	My brother's favourite vegetables are carrots.
5	column	<i>die Spalte</i>	Write the words into the correct column.
	salt	<i>das Salz</i>	I never add salt or pepper to my food.
	plaice	<i>die Scholle</i>	He ordered plaice with potatoes at the pub.
	dumpling	<i>der Knödel</i>	Dumplings are a typical Austrian food.
	chips	<i>die Pommes frites</i>	Fish and chips is a traditional English meal.
	oats	<i>der Hafer</i>	He likes cereal a lot, especially oats.
	trout	<i>die Forelle</i>	Trout usually live in rivers.
	salmon	<i>der Lachs</i>	The fishermen caught a lot of salmon last winter.
	lemonade	<i>die Limonade</i>	Lemonade is a drink made of lemon juice, water and sugar.
	wheat	<i>der Weizen</i>	If he eats anything with wheat in it, he gets very sick.
	noodles	<i>die Nudeln</i>	When I get home in the afternoon, my mum makes me something like noodles or a sandwich.
	prawns	<i>die Garnelen</i>	Prawns are small sea animals with ten legs.
	parsley	<i>die Petersilie</i>	Mum always puts some parsley on the potatoes.
	pie	<i>der Kuchen</i>	The apple pie was excellent.
	biscuits	<i>die Kekse</i>	We had tea and biscuits at half past three.

	maize	<i>der Mais, der Kukuruz</i>	Popcorn is made out of maize.
	garlic	<i>der Knoblauch</i>	Garlic bread is a popular starter in many restaurants.
	barley	<i>die Gerste</i>	Barley is a kind of cereal used to make beer.
	herbs	<i>die Kräuter</i>	Mum uses a lot of herbs for cooking.
	spices	<i>die Gewürze</i>	Salt and pepper are the most popular spices.
	side dish	<i>die Beilage</i>	The beef comes with two side dishes.
6	menu	<i>die Speisekarte</i>	Can we have the menu, please?
	starter	<i>die Vorspeise</i>	I'd like a prawn cocktail as a starter.
	served with	<i>serviert mit</i>	The pork is served with rice and carrots.
	basil	<i>das Basilikum</i>	Basil is my mum's favourite herb.
	leaf (pl.: leaves)	<i>das Blatt</i>	Leaves are the green parts of a plant.
	main course	<i>die Hauptspeise</i>	Form my main course I'd like beef steak with mushrooms and onions.
	fried	<i>gebraten (in der Pfanne)</i>	I'd like fried potatoes instead of fries, please.
	cod fillet	<i>das Kabeljaufilet</i>	He chose cod fillet for his main course.
	peas	<i>die Erbsen</i>	Fish and chips is often served with peas.
	pork escalope	<i>das Schweinsschnitzel</i>	The fried pork escalope is served with rice and salad.
	boiled	<i>gekocht</i>	I'd like to have boiled potatoes with the steak, please.
	roast	<i>geröstet, gebraten</i>	The roast chicken is served with vegetables.
	honey	<i>der Honig</i>	I always put some honey in my tea.
	mustard	<i>der Senf</i>	My brother eats his sausages with mustard.
	vegetarian	<i>der/die Vegetarier/in; vegetarisch</i>	My sister is a vegetarian, she never eats meat.
	home-made	<i>hausgemacht</i>	Grandma's home-made biscuits are excellent.
	whipped cream	<i>das Schlagobers</i>	Dad likes to eat his cake with whipped cream.
	sparkling	<i>mit Kohlensäure, sprudelnd</i>	Would you like sparkling or still mineral water?
	soft drink	<i>alkoholfreies Getränk</i>	There's a lot of sugar in many soft drinks.
	by the glass	<i>im Glas</i>	At Crown's restaurant all drinks are served by the glass.
8	area	<i>das Gebiet, das Gelände, der Bereich</i>	The restaurant has got a special smoking area outside for the customers.
	to prefer	<i>bevorzugen, lieber mögen</i>	My son doesn't like sparkling mineral water, he prefers it still.
	bill	<i>die Rechnung</i>	Waiter, can we have the bill, please?
9	to set a table	<i>einen Tisch decken</i>	A waiter must know how to set a table correctly.
	napkin	<i>die Serviette</i>	The waitress put the napkins on the table.
	cutlery	<i>das Besteck</i>	The cutlery is made of silver.
	cover	<i>das Gedeck</i>	Cutlery, napkins and glasses are called cover.
	tablecloth	<i>die Tischdecke</i>	The waiter put a new tablecloth on the table.
	vinegar	<i>der Essig</i>	He likes to eat his salad with oil and vinegar.

	cruet stand	<i>der Gewürzständer, die Menage</i>	You can find salt and pepper in the cruet stand.
	spoon	<i>der Löffel</i>	He ate his soup using a spoon.
	fork	<i>die Gabel</i>	She forgot to put a fork on the table.
	knife (pl.: knives)	<i>das Messer</i>	The cutlery consists of spoons, forks and knives.
	saucer	<i>die Untertasse</i>	She put a piece of cake on a clean saucer.
	plate	<i>der Teller</i>	The meal was served on a hot plate.
LIU	to pass	<i>hier: reichen</i>	Can you pass the salt, please?
10	purpose	<i>die Absicht, das Ziel, der Zweck</i>	You can use the word for many different purposes.
	tooth (pl.: teeth)	<i>der Zahn</i>	Too much sugar is not good for your teeth.
	mouse (pl.: mice)	<i>die Maus</i>	The cook saw a mouse in the kitchen and ran away quickly.
R	bowl	<i>der Schüssel</i>	Michael sometimes has a bowl of cornflakes for breakfast.
	followed by	<i>gefolgt von</i>	He drank a cup of coffee, followed by a glass of orange juice.
	bacon	<i>der Speck</i>	My family often has bacon and eggs for dinner.
	baked	<i>gebacken</i>	I love baked beans to start the day.
	black pudding	<i>die Blutwurst, die Blunze</i>	Black pudding is part of a traditional English breakfast.
	nut	<i>die Nuss</i>	Robert likes to have cereal with nuts for breakfast.
	Scotland/Scottish	<i>Schottland/schottisch</i>	Haggis is a traditional Scottish meal.
	heart	<i>das Herz</i>	Dad's heart is not healthy, he has to see a doctor.
	mixture	<i>die Mischung, das Gemenge</i>	The mixture of meat, vegetables and spices is cooked for an hour.
	diet	<i>die Ernährung, die Diät</i>	My diet always consists of hamburgers and soft drinks.
	calories	<i>die Kalorien</i>	Fast food is high in fat and calories.
	takeaway food	<i>Essen zum Mitnehmen</i>	Takeaway food is very popular with teenagers.
	to try out	<i>ausprobieren</i>	Dad loves to try out different kinds of food from foreign countries.
	dish	<i>die Speise, das Gericht</i>	Pizza and spaghetti are typical Italian dishes.
15	guest	<i>der Gast</i>	The waiter welcomed the guests at the entrance of the restaurant.
	Would you like ... ?	<i>Möchten Sie ... ?</i>	Would you like a cup of tea?
	to recommend	<i>empfehlen</i>	What can you recommend as a starter?
16	role card	<i>die Rollenkarte (für ein Rollenspiel)</i>	Choose a pair of role cards and make a dialogue.
	to greet	<i>grüßen</i>	It's important to greet at the beginning of a conversation.
	shortly	<i>in Kürze</i>	The waiter promised to bring the drinks shortly.
Unit 10			
1	to go on holiday	<i>in den Urlaub fahren, Ferien machen</i>	We go on holiday in July every year.

	somewhere	<i>irgendwo, irgendwohin</i>	We wanted to go somewhere where we had never been before.
	exotic	<i>exotisch, fremdartig</i>	Tigers are exotic animals.
	cruise	<i>die Kreuzfahrt, die Schiffsreise</i>	Last year we went on a cruise to Alaska.
2	tram	<i>die Straßenbahn</i>	We took the tram to the concert because it is hard to find parking there.
	underground	<i>die U-Bahn</i>	What's called the underground in London is called the subway in New York.
3	departure	<i>der Abflug, die Abfahrt</i>	The departure time for the flight is 9:30 a.m.
	to depart	<i>abfliegen, abfahren</i>	We depart at 9:30 a.m.
	check-in desk	<i>der Abflugschalter</i>	There were a lot of people waiting at the check-in desk.
	boarding pass	<i>die Bordkarte</i>	The flight attendant asked to see our boarding passes.
	seat	<i>der Sitz</i>	I really wanted a window seat.
	gate	<i>der Flugsteig</i>	The flight is leaving at gate 12.
	security check	<i>die Sicherheitskontrolle</i>	We have to be at the airport early because of the security check.
	customs (pl.)	<i>der Zoll</i>	The customs officer asked to see our passports.
	security officer	<i>der/die Sicherheitsbeauftragte</i>	The security officer checked our baggage.
	baggage	<i>das Gepäck</i>	The baggage must not weigh more than 20 kg.
	passport	<i>der Reisepass</i>	I had forgotten my passport and could not board the plane. Silly me!
	to get on	<i>einsteigen</i>	It is time to get on the plane. Boarding has begun.
	to board	<i>an Bord gehen, einsteigen</i>	We can now finally board the plane.
	to take off	<i>abheben</i>	The plane is going to take off at 9:30 a.m.
	baggage reclaim	<i>die Gepäckausgabe</i>	We will get our baggage after the flight at the baggage reclaim terminal.
	arrival	<i>die Ankunft</i>	The time of arrival is 2:45 p.m.
4	full board/half board	<i>die Vollpension/Halbpension</i>	I booked a room with full board. That is with lunch and dinner. Half board is only with dinner.
	single room/double room	<i>das Einzelzimmer/Doppelzimmer</i>	I booked a double room for my friend and I, because a single room is too small.
5	to be located	<i>gelegen sein, liegen, sich befinden</i>	The Guggenheim Museum in New York is located in Manhattan.
6	registration form	<i>das Anmeldeformular</i>	We had to fill out the registration form to book the flight.
	to book	<i>buchen, bestellen</i>	I booked the flight on the internet.
	over there	<i>dort drüben</i>	The departure gate is over there.
7	flight attendant	<i>der/die Flugbegleiter/in</i>	The flight attendant served drinks and sandwiches.

	front	<i>der Vorderteil, die Vorderseite</i>	The pilot sits in the cockpit, which is in the front of the plane.
	on the other hand	<i>andererseits</i>	On the other hand, maybe I will have some tea instead of a coffee.
	to behave	<i>sich benehmen</i>	The children behaved well during the flight.
	sort	<i>die Art, die Sorte</i>	What sort of chocolate do you like? I like the white one best.
8	mark	<i>die Schulnote</i>	I got excellent marks this year.
	all day	<i>den ganzen Tag</i>	I was in school all day today. Now I am tired.
LIU	chewing gum	<i>der Kaugummi</i>	Chewing gum is not permitted at our school.
10	campfire	<i>das Lagerfeuer</i>	I love sitting by the campfire with my friends.
	behind	<i>hinter</i>	There was a bear behind our tent.
R	review	<i>die Bewertung, die Kritik</i>	The hotel has excellent reviews.
	rental	<i>der Verleih, die Pacht, die Miete</i>	The rental car was very expensive.
	rating	<i>die Bewertung</i>	The hotel has a four-star rating.
	staff	<i>das Personal, die Belegschaft</i>	The staff at the hotel were very friendly.
	crowded	<i>überfüllt</i>	The restaurant was very crowded. We could barely hear ourselves speak.
	bunk	<i>die Schlafkoje</i>	I slept in the top bunk of the bed. My brother slept below me.
	luggage	<i>das Gepäck</i>	We had a lot of luggage when we went on holiday.
	daily	<i>täglich</i>	There was a daily weather update at the hotel.
	location	<i>der Ort, die Lage</i>	The location of the hotel was awesome. It was right by the beach.
	right by the beach	<i>direkt am Strand</i>	The hotel is right by the beach.
	however	<i>wie auch immer</i>	I tried to book a flight; however, they were all booked out.
	spacious	<i>geräumig</i>	The room was very big. It was really spacious.
	nearby	<i>in der Nähe</i>	There is a grocery store nearby.
	disgusting	<i>ekelhaft</i>	I hate olives. They are really disgusting.
	somewhere else	<i>anderswohin</i>	I don't like it here. I would rather be somewhere else.
	lounge area	<i>der Aufenthaltsbereich</i>	The hotel has a beautiful lounge area with a bar and a fireplace.
	pool table	<i>der Billardtisch</i>	There is a pool table in the cellar of the hotel.
	helpful	<i>hilfsbereit</i>	The staff at the hotel were very helpful in getting us a new room.
	to get around	<i>herumkommen</i>	I didn't get around to cleaning up my room.
	major attraction	<i>die Hauptattraktion</i>	The Statue of Liberty is a major attraction in New York City.
	next door	<i>nebenan</i>	My kids have a room right next door.

	station	<i>der Bahnhof</i>	Meet me at the train station at 7 a.m.
13	cleanliness	<i>die Sauberkeit</i>	The hotel is known for its cleanliness.
	entertainment	<i>die Unterhaltung</i>	The entertainment at the hotel is excellent.
14	out of	<i>aus</i>	Get out of bed now! It's almost noon.
15	brochure	<i>die Broschüre</i>	The brochure looked very nice, but the hotel was not so great.
	facilities	<i>die Einrichtungen, die Dienstleistungen</i>	The hotel facilities included a bar, two restaurants and three pools.
	playground	<i>der Spielplatz</i>	The hotel had a big playground.
	Wi-Fi	<i>das W-LAN (lokales Funknetz)</i>	The Wi-Fi at the hotel was terrible. I couldn't download a movie.
	to note	<i>beachten</i>	It is important to note that your seatbelt must always be securely fastened during the flight.
IN	reservation	<i>die Reservierung</i>	We have a reservation at the Italian restaurant.
	luxury	<i>luxuriös</i>	The Waldorf Astoria is a famous luxury hotel in New York City.
	just off	<i>gleich bei, in unmittelbarer Nähe von</i>	The hotel is just off Main Street.
	known	<i>bekannt</i>	The hotel is known for its two excellent restaurants.
	outstanding	<i>herausragend</i>	The hotel has outstanding service.
	wellness and spa area	<i>der Wellness- und Kurbereich</i>	The hotel also has a beautiful wellness and spa area.
	at the price of	<i>zum Preis von</i>	The rooms are available at the price of 80,- euros per night.
	to decorate	<i>schmücken, verzieren, dekorieren</i>	She likes to decorate her room with nice pictures and flowers.
	cuisine	<i>die Küche, die Kochkunst</i>	The restaurant offers French cuisine.
Unit 11			
1	fox	<i>der Fuchs</i>	The fox caught the mouse and ate it.
	lazy	<i>faul</i>	Paul is lazy, he never does his homework.
	rhythm	<i>der Rhythmus</i>	She is dancing to the rhythm of the music.
	vowel	<i>der Vokal, der Selbstlaut</i>	A, e, i, o and u are vowels.
	common	<i>häufig, verbreitet, üblich, normal</i>	It's common to eat turkey for Christmas in Canada.
	billion	<i>die Milliarde</i>	There are almost eight billion people on planet Earth.
	native speaker	<i>der/die Muttersprachler/in</i>	She is from Spain, she is a native speaker of Spanish.
	according to	<i>gemäß</i>	According to the weather report it won't rain tomorrow.
	dictionary	<i>das Wörterbuch</i>	We need a dictionary for our German class.
2	in front of	<i>vor</i>	There's a bookstore in front of the bakery.
4	overview	<i>der Überblick, die Übersicht</i>	Can you give me a short overview of your report? Just the facts, please.

	square kilometre (sq. km.)	<i>der Quadratkilometer</i>	Austria is about 84,000 square kilometres in size.
	export	<i>das Ausfuhrgut</i>	Canada's important exports are machinery, agricultural and fish products.
	average income	<i>das Durchschnittseinkommen</i>	The average income in Austria is about 50,000 euros per year.
	currency	<i>die Wahrung</i>	The currency in Spain is the euro.
	wool	<i>die Wolle</i>	You need a lot of wool for knitting a sweater.
	live animals	<i>das Vieh</i>	At the zoo you can see a lot of live animals.
	banking	<i>das Bankwesen</i>	He chose banking as a career.
	insurance	<i>die Versicherung</i>	She works in an insurance company.
	both	<i>beide</i>	They both love swimming in the ocean.
	machinery	<i>die Maschinen</i>	Big machinery is used to cut the pieces.
	agricultural	<i>landwirtschaftlich</i>	Many people work in agricultural jobs.
	Hispanic	<i>lateinamerikanisch</i>	The new boy in my class is Hispanic. I think he's from Mexico.
	Native American	<i>der/die Indianer/in</i>	There are many different groups of Native Americans in America, such as the Sioux.
	military equipment	<i>das Kriegsgerat</i>	Helicopters and planes are examples of military equipment.
	dairy products	<i>die Milchprodukte</i>	Milk and cheese are examples of dairy products.
7	forest	<i>der Wald, der Forst</i>	There are many trees and bushes in a forest.
10	mall (AE)	<i>das Einkaufszentrum</i>	The Mall of America is one of the biggest shopping malls in the world.
	flag	<i>die Flagge</i>	The flag of Austria is red and white.
	territory	<i>das Gebiet, der Bereich, das Hoheitsgebiet</i>	Nunavut is a territory in Canada.
	turkey	<i>der Truthahn</i>	Canadians typically eat turkey for Christmas.
	maple leaf	<i>das Ahornblatt</i>	The maple leaf is on the Canadian flag.
12	direction	<i>die Richtung</i>	In which direction is the concert hall, please?
	straight ahead	<i>geradeaus</i>	Go straight ahead on Houston Street, then turn right.
	to turn left/right	<i>links/rechts abbiegen</i>	Go straight ahead on Elm Street, then turn right.
	post office	<i>das Postamt</i>	Can you take my letter to the post office, please?
13	tube station	<i>U-Bahn-Station in London</i>	The tube station is at the corner of Elm and Houston.
	swimming pool	<i>das Schwimmbad, das Schwimmbecken</i>	We have a nice swimming pool in the garden.
16	awesome	<i>groartig, toll</i>	I took some awesome photographs when we were in Australia.
	coast	<i>die Kuste</i>	The coast was really beautiful.
	several	<i>einige, etliche, mehrere</i>	We spent several days there.
	tropical rainforest	<i>tropischer Regenwald</i>	We need to protect the tropical rainforest.
	desert	<i>die Wuste</i>	You have to be really careful if you drive into the desert.

	view	<i>der Blick, die Aussicht</i>	The view from the top of the mountain was great!
	sight	<i>die Sehenswürdigkeit</i>	We visited as many sights as we could.
	huge	<i>riesig</i>	One of the crocodiles we saw was huge!
	concert hall	<i>der Konzertsaal</i>	The concert hall in Sydney is very famous.
	gallery	<i>die Galerie</i>	Since it rained on Wednesday we went to a gallery.
	wildlife	<i>die Tier- und Pflanzenwelt</i>	The Australian wildlife is really special.
	emblem	<i>das Wahrzeichen</i>	Australia's national emblem is the kangaroo.
	pouch	<i>der Beutel</i>	It carries its babies in a pouch.
	to carry	<i>tragen</i>	I carried the luggage up to our room.
	wombat	<i>der Wombat</i>	Wombats, like kangaroos, carry their babies in a pouch.
	kookaburra	<i>der Kookaburra</i>	The kookaburra's call sounds like a person laughing.
	call	<i>der Ruf</i>	I know about 15 different bird calls.
	to laugh	<i>lachen</i>	Some of them sound funny and I always have to laugh when I hear them.
	inhabitant	<i>der/die Einwohner/in</i>	In 2022 Australia has 26 million inhabitants.
	to adapt to	<i>anpassen an</i>	Many animals can adapt to extreme environments.
	lonely	<i>einsam</i>	The Australian Outback is a lonely place, but there are people who live there.
	medical	<i>medizinisch</i>	If you need medical help, the Royal Flying Doctor Service comes in special planes.
	patient	<i>der/die Patient/in</i>	There were many patients at the hospital after the train accident.
18	personality	<i>die Persönlichkeit</i>	Jennifer has a really nice personality.
	length	<i>die Länge</i>	The length of the swimming pool is nine metres.
	spelling	<i>die Rechtschreibung</i>	Joe is very good at spelling.
	content	<i>der Inhalt</i>	What is the content of the movie?
	joke	<i>der Witz, der Scherz</i>	Konstantin makes a lot of jokes in class.
	to attach	<i>anfügen, anhängen</i>	I have attached my CV to the email.
	for the most	<i>größtenteils, meist</i>	I like horror movies for the most part, but not all of them.
	to connect	<i>verbinden</i>	I am connected to the internet.
	to waste	<i>verschwenden, vergeuden</i>	My mum always tells me not to waste any food.
	bored	<i>gelangweilt</i>	I get bored when I watch bad action movies.
	attention	<i>die Aufmerksamkeit</i>	I wanted to bring this matter to your attention.
	subject line	<i>die Betreffzeile</i>	The subject line of the email was "funny joke."
	urgent	<i>dringend, akut</i>	Please do this now. It is very urgent.
	least	<i>am wenigsten, am geringsten</i>	The least you could do is say you're sorry for being so late.
19	to expect	<i>erwarten</i>	I don't expect to be finished until 8:30 p.m.

	speedy	<i>schnell, zügig</i>	I expect a speedy response from your customer service department.
	response	<i>die Antwort, die Reaktion</i>	I expect a speedy response from your customer service department.
	clear	<i>deutlich, klar</i>	I don't understand your email. It is not very clear.
	structure	<i>der Aufbau, die Struktur</i>	Structure is really important for a letter of application.
	structured	<i>gegliedert, strukturiert</i>	The text is very confusing and not structured well.
	message	<i>die Nachricht, die Mitteilung</i>	Send me a message when you get there.
	greeting	<i>Begrüßung</i>	After the first greetings they sat down.
	to depend on sb./sth.	<i>von jem./etw. abhängig sein</i>	I depend on my family to help me when I have a problem.
	whether	<i>ob</i>	It doesn't matter whether it is cold or warm.
	informal	<i>formlos, informell</i>	You do not have to dress nicely. The party is informal.
	Dear ...	<i>Sehr geehrte/r ...</i>	
	to whom it may concern	<i>an die zuständige Abteilung</i>	
	to the point	<i>(zu)treffend</i>	Can you finish your story and get to the point?
	nobody	<i>niemand, keine/r</i>	Nobody knew what to do next.
	to call for sth.	<i>etw. (ein)fordern</i>	I called for pizza to be delivered.
	action	<i>die Aktion, die Tat, die Handlung</i>	I love watching action movies.
	request	<i>die Anfrage, die Bitte</i>	I made a request to stop sending me spam mails.
	end	<i>das Ende, der Schluss</i>	All books come to an end.
	to end	<i>aufhören, beenden</i>	I like films that end well.
	Regards,	<i>Grüße,</i>	
	Kind regards,	<i>Mit freundlichen Grüßen,</i>	
	Yours, ...	<i>Ihr/Ihre ...</i>	
	See you soon.	<i>Bis bald.</i>	
20	adventure	<i>das Abenteuer</i>	Some people like adventure holidays ... I don't, really.
	jet boating	<i>das Schnellbootfahren</i>	Jet boating would be too dangerous for me.
	skydiving	<i>das Fallschirmspringen</i>	She likes to go skydiving in her free time.
Unit 12			
	relationship	<i>die Beziehung</i>	Tom and Sharon have a wonderful relationship.
1	good-looking	<i>gutaussehend</i>	Tanya is so good-looking. She could be a model.
	party-animal	<i>der „Partytiger“</i>	Terry is a party-animal. He likes to have fun when he goes out.
	exactly	<i>genau</i>	That is exactly what I said would happen.
	secret	<i>das Geheimnis</i>	Please don't tell anyone about this. It's a secret.
	to make fun of sb.	<i>sich über jem. lustig machen</i>	I don't like hanging out with Phil. He always makes fun of people.

	to let sb. down	<i>jem. hängenlassen</i>	I thought you would help me, but you really let me down.
3	skinny	<i>dünn, mager</i>	He was sick for a long time and now he is very skinny.
	muscular	<i>muskulös</i>	Arnold Schwarzenegger is very muscular.
	pretty	<i>hübsch</i>	She has pretty blue eyes.
4	in love	<i>verliebt</i>	Dan and I have been in love for five months.
	greedy	<i>gierig</i>	He is so greedy and never pays for dinner.
	surprised	<i>überrascht</i>	They surprised me with a birthday party.
	confused	<i>verwirrt</i>	I was confused by the instructions and didn't understand them.
5	ribbon	<i>das Band</i>	She tied a ribbon around the birthday present.
	scarf	<i>der Schal</i>	Harry got a new scarf for Christmas.
	striped	<i>gestreift</i>	I really like my new striped sweater.
6	respectful	<i>respektvoll</i>	He is very respectful of his parents and doesn't talk back.
	to shout	<i>schreien</i>	Tim and Karen shout at each other a lot.
	to keep the voice down	<i>leise sein</i>	I asked the person in front of me to keep his voice down in the movie theatre.
	to throw	<i>werfen</i>	In some countries the guests throw rice when two people get married.
	completely	<i>völlig</i>	I was completely surprised by how many people were at the party.
	to take a deep breath	<i>tief Luft holen</i>	Now take a deep breath and listen to me carefully!
	solution	<i>die Lösung</i>	I could not find the solution to the problem.
7	trouble	<i>die Schwierigkeiten</i>	Bill is in trouble. He came home too late last night.
	drug	<i>die Droge</i>	Several famous musicians have died of drugs.
9	grandpa/grandma	<i>der/die Großvater/-mutter</i>	Helen and James are my grandma and grandpa.
	grandparents	<i>die Großeltern</i>	So Helen and James are my grandparents.
	next to	<i>neben</i>	I want to sit next to the window.
	aunt	<i>die Tante</i>	Rose is my favorite aunt.
	uncle	<i>der Onkel</i>	Uncle Tim is my dad's brother.
	cousin	<i>der/die Cousin/e</i>	Uncle Tim's daughter is my cousin.
LIU	to stay out	<i>ausbleiben, draußen bleiben</i>	My parents don't allow me to stay out late.
	to be expected to	<i>sollen</i>	Kids cannot be expected to read very long books.
11	gap	<i>die Lücke</i>	Karen has a huge gap between her teeth. She needs to see her dentist soon.
	to clean up	<i>aufräumen</i>	My parents told me to clean up my room.
12	to get into sth.	<i>in etw. geraten</i>	Paul and Drake got into a fight about a girl.
	to lie	<i>lügen</i>	I try not to lie to my friends.
	documentary	<i>die Dokumentation</i>	<i>Drive to Survive</i> is a documentary about Formula 1 racing.

	Ancient Egypt	<i>das Alte Ägypten</i>	The pyramids were built in Ancient Egypt.
	to show up	<i>aufkreuzen, auftauchen</i>	Nobody showed up to the meeting.
13	well-dressed	<i>gut gekleidet</i>	You have to be well-dressed for a job interview.
14	anybody/anyone	<i>irgendjemand</i>	Please don't tell anyone what I just told you.
	anywhere	<i>irgendwo, irgendwohin</i>	We can go anywhere, I just want to get out of here.
	to get sb. to do sth.	<i>jem. dazu bringen etw. zu tun</i>	Can you get Valentina to clean the bathroom, please?
	so far	<i>bis jetzt</i>	I have won three races so far this year.
	excuse	<i>die Entschuldigung, die Ausrede</i>	The worst excuse for not doing your homework is saying that your dog ate it.
	a friend of mine	<i>ein/e Freund/in von mir</i>	A friend of mine is coming to the concert with me.
	to hold hands	<i>Händchen halten</i>	Betty and tom are holding hands outside the school.
	to get bullied	<i>gemobbt werden</i>	Kevin got bullied by some older kids at school.
	worried	<i>besorgt</i>	I was very worried about letting my kids go to the rock concert.
	might	<i>könnte/-st/-n/-t</i>	I might go to Canada with my family for Christmas.
	eating disorder	<i>die Essstörung</i>	Tina has got an eating disorder and needs to go see a doctor.
	appetite	<i>der Appetit, der Hunger</i>	Valeria has a very big appetite. She has gained a lot of weight.
	pregnancy	<i>die Schwangerschaft</i>	We didn't know about her pregnancy at first.
	to have a check-up	<i>sich untersuchen lassen</i>	My dad has regular check-ups at the doctor's.
	allergic to	<i>allergisch auf</i>	Phil is allergic to nuts.
	nutritionist	<i>der/die Ernährungsberater/in</i>	A nutritionist tells you how to improve your diet.
	to make a deal	<i>etw. vereinbaren</i>	I made a deal on the car with the salesman.
	misunderstanding	<i>das Missverständnis</i>	There is no need to get angry. I'm sure its just a misunderstanding.
R	to execute	<i>hinrichten</i>	A lot of people are executed in the U.S.
	Spain	<i>Spanien</i>	Madrid is the capital of Spain.
	divorce	<i>die Scheidung</i>	Tina and Clemens got a divorce a few years ago.
	to separate	<i>(sich) trennen</i>	Before getting a divorce, the couple decided to separate.
	old age	<i>das Alter</i>	Old age can be hard for a person who is not healthy.
	death	<i>der Tod</i>	The cause of death was a drug overdose.
15	war	<i>der Krieg</i>	The world was at war from 1939 to 1945.
16	impossible	<i>unmöglich</i>	It was impossible to find a free table at that popular restaurant without a reservation.
	what a pity	<i>wie schade</i>	What a pity! We really wanted to eat there.
	to suit	<i>passen</i>	Would next Friday suit you?
18	driving lesson	<i>die Fahrstunde</i>	My driving lessons are always on Monday.